WILSON'S FIRM STAND WON DECISION FOR MONROE DOCTRINE

dates between April 26 and May 5, but no announcement has been made as to details, so that Premier Lloyd George may have something to disclose when he addresses the British Parliament next Wednesday.

French critics are not satisfied with the plan for military occupation of the left bank of the Rhine, although the methods to be followed have not been finally decided upon. It is stated in French quarters that this will be entirely in the hands of French troops, who will guard the bridgeheads and railroad junction. In addition, there is to be a new thirty-mile neutral military zone on the right bank of the river, it is said. These two measures will be in force but fifteen years, French troops being progressively withdrawn as instalments of the debt is paid by Germany as was done by that country with France in 1871.

The peace treaty and the League of Nations have undoubtedly reached the final stage of negotiations, but it is not yet clear that they are out of troubled waters, as both must pass the ordeal of a plenary session of the Peace Conference and then go before the Versailles Congress, where enemy powers will be represented. Indications are that a combination of both documents will be written into a preliminary peace treaty within the coming two weeks. The Germans then will be called in and the present peace "conference" will be merged into the peace "congress."

The official summary of the revised covenant of the League of Nations, issued yesterday, shows that the Monroe Doctrine amendment is in the covenant and that the Japanese amendment is not included. The official summary was prepared by Col. E. M. House, Lord Robert Cecil and others fully conversant with the document.

There is no doubt that the final session which discussed the Monroe Doctrine and Japanese amendments aroused a great deal of feeling and was at times stormy. French opposition to the Monroe Doctrine amendment was long and spirited and was based on the ground that it singled out one nation for special treatment.

Thus far all efforts to placate the Japanese delegation have been unavailing.

Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation, has received definite orders to return to Tokio if the race discrimination clause were rejected, and it would not be surprising if the other members of the delegation follow in his footsteps. Many of the Allied leaders, however, believe the Japanese will remain and endeavor to effect a compromise, seeking compensation for what they regard as a deliberate affront by pressing claims in Asia not hitherto viewed with favor.

Discussion of the Japanese amendment was equally spirited. The Japanese delegates have made it known that cables from Tokio have shown feeling there was running high. There was virtually no opposition expressed to the Japanese demands except that of Premier William H. Hughes of Australia, which was so pronounced that it compelled Great Britain to withhold approval of the amendment, thus preventing its adoption. Owing to the British-Japanese alliance, the effect of this action is the subject of much conjecture.

To President Wilson's physical endurance, despite his recent illness, is credited the getting of the league covenant through its final stages. When the debate dragged beyond midnight on Friday Lord Robert Cecil asked Col. E. M. House, "How long is this going to last?" Col. House consulted Mr. Wilson and immediately replied: "It is going to last until daybreak, if necessary to adopt the covenant." When this became known opposition subsided and the session was soon concluded. Col. House said afterward: "In a prolonged contest it is the last fifteen minutes that counts."

LLOYD GEORGE PLEASED AS HE GOES BACK HOME

"Everything Going Ahead," Says Premier Before Starting for London.

PARIS, April 14 (United Press).—Premier Lloyd George, leaving for London to-day, said that "everything is going ahead" and that he is "well pleased with what has been accomplished."

White Rose
Deservedly
The Largest Selling
Ceylon Packed Tea
in the World

BATTLE FOLLOWS MOB'S KILLING OF SAXON MINISTER

Government Troops Rushed to Dresden—Control of Munich Still in Doubt.

COPENHAGEN, April 14 (United Press).—Bitter fighting has broken out in Dresden, following the murder of War Minister Neuring, according to despatches received here to-day. Government troops are being rushed from Berlin to suppress the radicals, who are fighting under Communist leadership.

War Minister Neuring was killed by disgruntled soldiers to whom the Minister had refused a hearing. The War Ministry was stormed by demonstrators who dragged out Herr Neuring and threw him into the Elbe, where he was shot and killed as he tried to swim to the bank.

A state of siege has been proclaimed in Dresden.

BERLIN, Sunday, April 13.—A Dresden despatch to the Vossische Zeitung says that an assault by Soviet forces on the citadel in the Neustadt section of the city, on the right bank of the Elbe, is expected.

Government troops sent against the Brunswick Soviet are reported from Madgeburg to have come into contact with the outposts of the Brunswick Communist forces. The outposts fled before the advance of the Government contingent.

The Soviet Congress was informed to-day that Georg Ledebour, who is confined in Moabit jail and whose release was demanded on March 30 by the Communist Workmen's Council, will not be liberated.

NUREMBERG, Sunday, April 13.—A report from Third Army Headquarters at Munich says that the garrison has established a military dictatorship in support of the Hoffman Ministry, which the Soviet regime seeks to oust from office. Action to recover the capital from Soviet forces is progressing favorably, it is said.

Dr. Adolf Papp, who was appointed Commissioner for Foreign Affairs in the Soviet cabinet on April 9, has been placed in an insane asylum, according to report. Dr. Levien, leader of the Independent Socialists, is believed to have fled, and 16 Soviet leaders, including Herr Landauer, Herr Wagner and Herr Nuehsam, members of the Soviet Ministry, are said to have been arrested.

BERNE, Saturday, April 12.—War Minister Noske has threatened to send a military expedition against Munich, according to advices received here to-day.

DUSSELDORF, Sunday, April 13.—On Saturday night and Sunday morning Government troops attacked Spartacan forces entrenched in the Oberbilk quarter, in the southeastern section of the city and, after a violent bombardment with artillery and mine throwers, ejected them.

GENERALS OF THE 32D GET BRITISH DECORATIONS

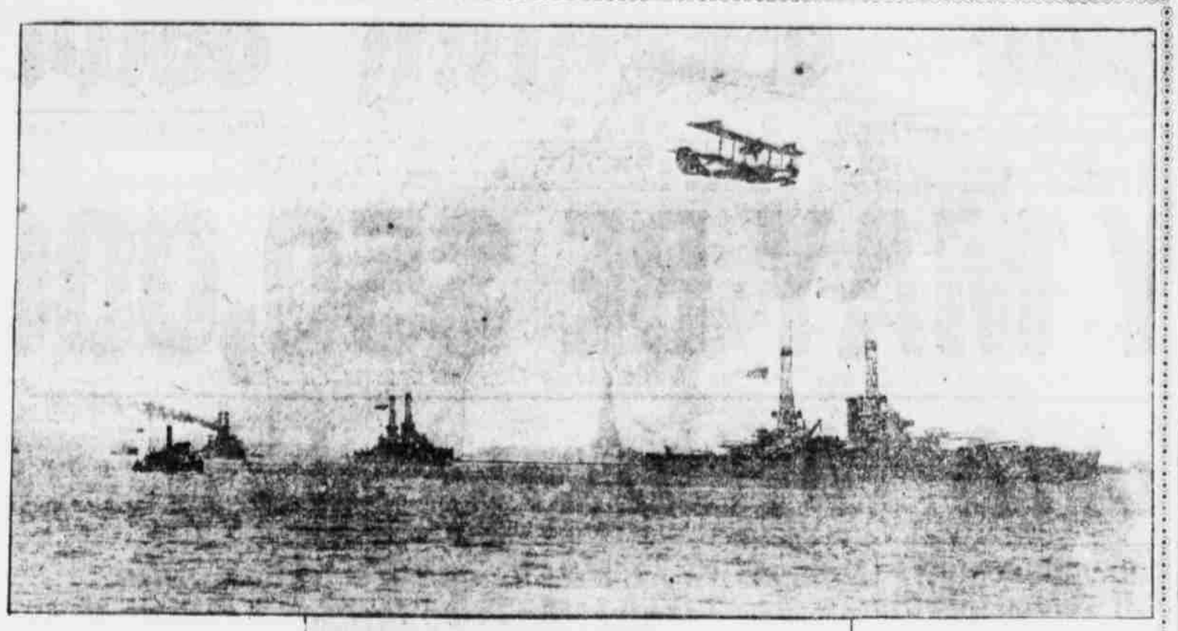
Presented by Gen. Plumer After Mangin and Dickman Review Troops.

COBLENZ, Sunday, April 13.—Gen. Mangin and Major Gen. Dickman to-day reviewed the Thirty-second Division, which served under Mangin in the Soissons offensive.

The 125th, 126th and 128th infantry regiments and the 119th, 120th and 121st machine gun battalions received the French War Cross with palm. Two hundred and twenty officers and men were individually awarded the War Cross.

Gen. Plumer of the British Army invested Dickman with the rank of Knight Commander of the Bath, and Gens. Hines, Muir, Bell and Lassiter as Knights Commander of St. Michael and St. George.

GREAT AMERICAN FLEET COMING UP NEW YORK HARBOR



BIG FLEET ENTERS NEW YORK HARBOR; 103 WARSHIPS IN

Thirty Thousand Sailors on Vessels to Get Leave—Destroyers Here First.

The Atlantic Fleet of the United States Navy, back from duty in the North Sea and other waters of the war area and from guarding the United States coast and possessions, steamed into New York harbor to-day at midday. By night there will be 103 warships swinging in the North River tide from off the Palisades far down the stream. Aboard are 30,000 sailormen brought here for the joys of shore leave after unbroken months of war service.

The first of the sea fighters to report at Sandy Hook was the cruiser Columbia, escorting a sea serpent line of twenty destroyers. This was at a little after 9 o'clock in the morning. The last of the destroyers were leaving Quarantine when word was received that the "big boys," the battleship divisions, were passing the Hook.

The word flashed over town with incredible swiftness. In a few moments police reserves were at their wit's ends to keep the crowds on the Battery sea wall from pushing the front rank into the water. The windows and roof of skyscrapers were filled.

With but a slight delay at Quarantine the Mississippi, Nevada, Oklahoma and Wyoming swung north from Liberty statue at 12.30. The gray steel floating forts moved over sparkling seas with every bit of bunting in sight standing straight out in the breeze, which was strong enough to make a white splash of foam along their sides. So clear was the air that it seemed as though the cheering spectators ashore could make out the faces of the sailors along the decks.

Not a quarter of an hour later the Pennsylvania, flagship of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander of the fleet; the New York, Texas, Arkansas and Utah followed, and at a similar interval behind them were the North Dakota, Florida and Delaware.

In the mean time thirty-two destroyers, in addition to the first twenty, had pushed past, streaking up to their anchorages at top speed. The second detachment of destroyers was chaperoned by the Dixie.

The first of the fleet to arrive, by a prank of fate, was a German ship.

On April 5, 1916, she was the merchantman Saxonia. On April 6, 1916, she showed the American flag at the Lake Superior port of Eagle Harbor. The navy renamed her the Savannah and made the old 152-foot German trade vessel into a perfectly efficient mother ship for submarines.

The Savannah came into New York Harbor yesterday afternoon from Guantanamo Bay, accompanied by the American submarines O-1 to O-10, inclusive. The O-1 was built at Portsmouth, N. H.; the O-2 at Puget Sound and the others by the Electric Boat and Fore River Companies. Each has a radius of 5,000 to 6,000 miles, at from eleven to twelve knots on the surface. They have two sets of Niesco Diesel engines, and the electric batteries weigh sixty-five tons. The vessels are 165 feet long and 15 feet wide. The Savannah and her proteges are to lie in the harbor until to-morrow morning.

For more than a week since leaving the practice fields at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the members of the fleet have been loafing northward, holding down their speed so that they would not reach here until to-morrow, the date set for the beginning of the fifteen-day display in the Hudson.

The ships arrived in these divisions:

BATTLESHIP FORCE.

Division No. 3—Pennsylvania, Utah (flagship of Rear Admiral E. W. Eberle), Delaware, North Dakota, Florida.

Division No. 6—New York (flagship of Rear Admiral Rodman), Texas, Arkansas.

Division No. 7—Wyoming (flagship of Rear Admiral R. E. Coontz), Idaho, Oklahoma, Nevada.

Division No. 8—New Mexico, Arizona, Mississippi.

DESTROYER FORCE.

Flotilla No. 1—Dixie, Cassin, Balch, Benham, Duncan, Downes, Ericsson, O'Brien, McDougal, Winslow, Cushing, Nicholson, Wadsworth, Conyngham, Wainwright, Cummings.

Flotilla No. 2—Melville, Davis, Allen, Wilkes, Rowan, Manley, Caldwell, Craven, Stockton, Kimberly.

Flotilla No. 3—Prairie, Calhoun, Stevens, McKee, Robinson, Ringgold, McKean, Harding, Gridley, Fairfax, Taylor, Bell, Mahan.

Flotilla No. 4—Columbia, Champlin, Mugford, Chew, Hazelwood, Williams, Ludlow, Lamberton, Radford, Montgomery, Breese, Gamble, Ramsay.

Flotilla No. 5—Buchanan, Philip, Upshur, Greer, Elliott, Rathburne, Talbot, Dent, Dorsey, Roper, Waters, Evans.

Flotilla No. 6—Boggs, Ward, Palmer, Walker, Thatcher, Crosby.

Flotilla No. 7—Breckenridge, Barney, Meredith, Bush, Hopewell, Delphy, McDermott, Laub.

Flotilla No. 8—Perkins, Walke, Tarrant, Henley, Ammen, Burrows, Jarvis, McCall, Patterson, Beale, Jenkins, Jouett, Paulding, Drayton, Trippe.

Several of the destroyers, notably the Cassin, which was in drydock for a time for repairs, still bear the scars of attack by submarines. The Manley lost several officers and men in killed and injured by the explosion of its own depth bombs in a collision. The Benham, McDougal, Wainwright and Stockton were badly damaged last summer in collisions.

Landings for the 30,000 sailors and marines of the fleet have been designated along Riverside Drive at 58th, 79th, 97th, 129th, 157th, 183d and 203d Streets. These places are also for the visiting public. Private launches will ferry passengers to and from the war craft, which will be open to the inspection of the public during the fleet's stay in the river.

Shore leaves will be for one day only, though all sailors will have several opportunities in the next two weeks to obtain liberty. Extensive programmes for their housing and entertainment ashore have been arranged by the seven United War Work organizations—the Salvation Army, Knights of Columbus, American Library Association, Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A.

More than a hundred dances have been arranged for the sailors, besides luncheons and dinners at huts, canteens, halls and armories. There will be many theatre parties.

The more formal festivities for officers will be held at the Pershing Club and the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

Under its slogan for the occasion, "Sinkers for Sailors," the Salvation Army lassies will meet the sailors at the landing places along Riverside Drive and hand them doughnuts. The War Camp Community Service has arranged with many hotels to let sailors and their families have 50 per cent. reduction from the usual rates.

WAR DIDN'T END ON THIS ISLAND UNTIL FEB. 13

Natives of Watling's Thought Shipwrecked Sailors Were Germans and Wanted to Kill Them.

Skipper Beryn Bradford of the late lamented schooner Nettie Shipman came back to town to-day with his crew of five and a harrowing tale of shipwreck and Watling's Island, where there wasn't any armistice until Feb. 13.

"The black men thought we were Germans," said the skipper, "and they lined up on the shore with naked cutlasses and three rifles. We had a sweet time convincing them that the war was over. But that's not the start of the story.

"We left Jacksonville on Feb. 6, bound for Antilla with 287,000 feet of lumber. Three days out a nor'west gale hit us so quick and heavy we didn't have time to stock the life boats the way they ought to be. The lumber broke loose and tore the ship in pieces. We had six small cans of meat and one cask of water in the boats.

"The food lasted two days and it was four days before we sighted land and found all those natives waiting to carve us up. When they discovered there wasn't a German among us and that the war was over anyway they celebrated and gave us plenty of fruit and sugar cane to eat. We stayed there until March 14, when a trading schooner put in and took us off."

The trading schooner transferred the six men to the William B. Palmer, which docked in Brooklyn this afternoon, after a stormy trip from Nassau, Bahamas.

BRITISH MINERS ACCEPT GOVERNMENT LABOR PLAN.

Overwhelmingly Vote for Report of Sankey Commission on Improved Conditions.

LONDON, Sunday, April 13.—The vote of the miners on the report of the Sankey Commission regarding improved conditions of labor as adopted by the Government has been completed and shows a very large majority in favor of acceptance. The final vote stood: For acceptance, 499,000; against acceptance, 69,490.

BROPHY, SING SING WARDEN.

Portchester Man Will Assume Duties To-Morrow.

Edward V. Brophy of Portchester was appointed Warden of Sing Sing to-day by State Superintendent of Prisons Charles F. Rattigan. Mr. Brophy will assume his duties to-morrow.

The new Warden of Sing Sing has been a deputy clerk to Surrogate William Sawyer of Westchester County. Prior to that he served as President, Trustee and Police Judge of the Village of Portchester.

LEMBERG IS BOMBARDED.

Many Are Killed and Wounded by Ukrainian Shells.

COPENHAGEN, April 14.—Ukrainian forces heavily bombarded Lemberg on Thursday and Friday, many persons being killed and wounded, according to a despatch received here from that city.

BOWIE RESULTS.

RACE TRACK, BOWIE, Md., April 14.—First Race—Selling; maiden; two-year olds; four furlongs—Boher Na Breen, 99 (Obert), straight $7.90, place $5.30, show $3.90. First; Billy Boots, 106 (Mergler); place $55.10, show $24.70, second; Roisterer, 110 (Metcalf); show $6.20, third. Time, .50. Major Fisk, Col. Murphy, Silex 2d, Escarpolette, Harrit, Little Alexander, Le Bluet, Lady Ione also ran.

WILSON AND ORLANDO IN CONFERENCE ON FIUME

Effort to Come to an Agreement on Last Vital Peace Question.

PARIS, April 14.—President Wilson had a long conference to-day with Premier Orlando and other Italian leaders on the Adriatic problem, one of the last vital questions remaining to be discussed by the Council of Four.

Premier Orlando recently suggested to the President the advisability of informal exchanges over the question of Fiume and Italy's claims in the eastern Adriatic. President Wilson, in conferring with this suggestion, promised to give the matter his personal study.

THREATENED B. R. T. STRIKE BELIEVED TO HAVE FAILED

Receiver Agrees to Consider Demands of Men as Employees, Not Union Members.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver of the B. R. T., issued a statement to-day that is interpreted as an indication that the threatened strike of union employees has failed. The statement was issued after a committee of the men in the shops asked the receiver if he would consider their demands merely as employees and not as members of the union, which has been agitating the trouble. The receiver's statement follows:

"The receiver to-day received applications from the men working in the shops requesting consideration of their wages, working conditions, hours, wages, &c., and immediately replied that he would be pleased to meet their chosen representatives to take up the subject matter of their petition."

It was reported that a meeting might be held this afternoon or to-morrow, but the Receiver's Secretary said he had not been informed of the plans. Mr. Garrison added nothing verbally to his statement.

REVENTLOW NOW FAVORS A LIBERALIZED MONARCHY

BASLE, April 14 (United Press).—Count von Reventlow, former military expert of the Berliner Tageblatt, in an interview telegraphed to-day, declared he favors restoration of a liberalized monarchy.

"The militarist spirit does not exist in Germany," he was quoted as saying. "It is a spirit of defense, natural everywhere. If we had a national spirit as strong as the French we would have won the first battles of the Marne.

"I do not believe the present conference will make a general and lasting peace. Further war is inevitable."

Violent Riots Developing Throughout Korea.

TOKIO, April 11 (United Press).—Street demonstrations throughout Korea are developing into violent riots, the War Office admitted to-day, announcing that six additional battalions of Japanese troops have been sent to Korea to assist in handling the situation.

TROTZKY ADMTS DEFEAT ON THE EASTERN FRONT

Must Send Old and Experienced Troops There, Bolshevist Minister Warns.

LONDON, April 14.—Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Minister of War and Marine of Russia, admits defeat on the eastern front in a wireless message from Moscow which has been picked up here. The message reads:

"All our efforts must now be directed to the eastern front, which is the only front upon which we have suffered defeats. We must send old and experienced troops to that quarter. It is absolutely necessary for us to capture Ekaterinburg, Perm and Ufa."

BULGARS FIRE ON GREEKS.

Disorders in Strumnitza Lead to Many Arrests.

SALONICA, Sunday, April 13.—Greeks engaged in demonstrations near the city of Strumnitza have been fired upon by Bulgarian police sent from that place, according to reports reaching this city. A large number of Greeks have been arrested for participating in the disorders in the region of Strumnitza and twenty have been sent to Irons to Sofia, it is said.

Prince Regent Alexander of Serbia has conferred upon Gen. Paraskevopoulos, Commander in Chief of the Greek armies and leader of the Allied armies in Macedonia, the Grand Cross of the Order of the White Eagle.

ANOTHER WILKINS WEDDING REPORTED TO PROSECUTOR

Doctor Accused of Murder of Last Wife Said to Have Been Married More Than Three Times.

District Attorney Charles E. Weeks of Nassau County has received reports from Napan City, Cal., it was said to-day at Mineola, indicating that Dr. Walter Keen Wilkins was married at least once before the three marriages he is said to have admitted in an affidavit.

Dr. Wilkins is a prisoner in the County Jail at Mineola charged with the murder of his latest wife, Julia Kraus Wilkins, at their Long Beach residence on the night of Feb. 27.

The first wife Dr. Wilkins has admitted was Grace E. Mansfield, who became Mrs. Wilkins on Feb. 14, 1884 at Napan City and divorced the Doctor Dec. 26, 1889, on the grounds of desertion.

Applying for a marriage license at Napan City in 1891 to wed Grace Mansfield, Dr. Wilkins said that he had been married once before. He has told Mr. Weeks that Grace Mansfield was his first wife.

In addition to Grace Mansfield and Julia Kraus, Dr. Wilkins has admitted marrying Susan L. Kirkland, who was found dead in a bath tub at their home in West 38th Street, and whose death was attributed to cerebral hemorrhage.

STRIKERS FIGHT WORKERS AT BROOKLYN FACTORY

A pitched battle between several hundred strikers and employees who would not quit work occurred this morning in front of the factory of the Fur Trading Corporation at No. 239 Rochling Street, Brooklyn.

A crowd of strikers gathered about the building and intercepted the workers as they started to enter the factory. They argued with the workers to join the strike. Failing in their pleas, a fight followed, in which missiles of various kinds were thrown.

A riot call was sent in for the reserves from the Bedford Avenue station, but when they arrived the strikers had dispersed.

Several of the workers were slightly hurt. Thirty windows in the factory were broken.

The strikers went out last week demanding more wages and shorter hours.

DEO.

GILBERT.—WILLIAM GILBERT.
Services at CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th st., Monday, 8 P. M.

LOST, FOUND AND REWARDS.

LOST—Red bar pin with amethyst; [illegible] Reward. 478 J. Howard.

Easter Mid-Week Special, Tues. and Wed., April 15-16
ASSORTED MOLASSES DAINTIES—Goodies, made from Pure, Open Kettle New Orleans Molasses, presenting the old time favorites and newest novelties in Molasses Sweets. Molasses Peppermint Cups, Sallettes, Buttercups, Blossoms, Twists, Curls and a host of others. SPECIAL, POUND BOX 25c

CANDY
PENNY A POUND PROFIT
The Bunny Family at The Fair

HIGH GRADE SMOOTH ALMONDS—The choicest, sweetest Almonds, each centred in a shell of Confectioner's Sugar in pleasing variety of delicate flavors. POUND BOX 44c

CHOCOLATE COVERED ITALIAN CREAMS—Centres of richest Cream in popular fruit flavors. Jackets of our Old-Fashioned Bitter Sweet Chocolate. POUND BOX 54c

SYNOPSIS.—The Bunny Family has come from their home at Rabbit Hutch Village to attend the Easter Fair. While the family are strolling along watching the sights, Old Grandpa Bunny decides to take a chance at one of the games and throws a ball.

CHAPTER NO. 2—Grandpa Almost Starts a Fight

GRANDPA'S aim was none too good and the ball struck the pole and glanced off, striking the lighted cigar of a cross grained Old Rabbit gentleman who was standing by. "Gee, look at the fireworks," shouted the Kiddies in high glee as the sparks flew about like a Fourth of July pin-wheel. "I can lick the Lobster that done that," said the old fellow, getting very red in the face and picking up his hat and ruined cigar. "Ye kin, huh! Wal' I'm your man," shouted Grandpa, starting to remove his coat. "Now see here," said Pa Bunny, "don't you start any rumpus around here or you'll get a ride in the ambulance." "Well, of all the donkeys I ever saw," began Ma Bunny, while the Kiddies edged the Old Gladiator on, "Go ahead, Grandpa, I wouldn't take that." The Old Rabbit Gentleman was full of fight and Pa had all he could do to drag Grandpa away. "Now let's see what trouble you can get into next," Ma said. "Whee! The merry go around," chorused the youngsters as they came in sight of the Caroussel, "we wanna ride." "Let's all have a ride," said Pa. "Oh no, it's only for the Children," said Ma. "I'll be darned if I'll risk my neck on that whirligig," said Grandpa, backing away, but the fates had other things in store for the Old Rabbit Gentleman, as we shall see. (Continued To-Morrow.)

Grand Carnival of Easter Sweets and Gift Packages

Candy Eggs in Profusion
MILK CHOCOLATE BANTAM EGGS—12 in beautifully decorated box. PACKAGE 29c
MIDGET JELLY EGGS OR MIDGET CREAM EGGS—Tasty little gems of deliciousness in many pleasing flavors. POUND BOX 24c
CHOCOLATE CREAM EGGS OR CHOCOLATE ITALIAN PEPPERMINT CREAM EGGS, EACH 5c
MILK CHOCOLATE BUNNIES—Water style, 12 in handsomely decorated box. PACKAGE 29c
CHOCOLATE CREAM AND ASSORTED CREAM DECORATED EGGS—Richly elaborated with beautiful vines, birds and floral designs by expert cream decorating artists; each in a neat carton. 11c & 17c

MILK CHOCOLATE CROSSES—Moulded from our famous Premium Milk Chocolate in beautiful designs, packed in boxes lined with silver foil and surrounded by an assortment of spiced Sweets. An excellent Easter Package. PRICES COMPLETE 34c, 54c & 89c

OUR EASTER COMBINATION PACKAGE—This splendid Combination is made up of the following packages of popular Easter Sweets: 1 Lb. Box High Grade Chocolate or Bon Bons and Chocolates, ½-Lb. Box Milk Chocolate Wafers, 1 Package of Midget Sticks, 1 Nest of Chocolate Cream Eggs, 1 Milk Chocolate Rabbit, 1 Milk Chocolate Egg, 1 Nest of Easter Pets, 1 Nest of Marshmallow Eggs, and Midget Jelly Eggs. PACKAGE COMPLETE $1.99

OUR SUPER ASSORTED CHOCOLATES or Bon Bons and Chocolates. This "Class A" collection of superior sweets is packed for this occasion in beautiful new Easter Package, resplendent with rich floral decorations, a package of refinement and beauty. POUND BOX 89c

Bunnies the Kiddies Can Eat
MILK CHOCOLATE HOLLOW RABBITS—From cunning medium size fellows, they range up to very large Bunnies which carry baskets filled with Midget Eggs. In the larger sizes are Twin Bunnies and Rabbits with Wheelbarrows. PRICES 59c, 79c, $1.00, $1.50 & $1.75

Easter Pets
Eight members in the family, comprised of Marshmallow Bunnies, Chicks and Ducks, packed in handsomely decorated crate. Price, PER CRATE 10c

Bunnies the Kiddies Can Hug
LITTLE FUZZY WUZZY RABBITS—Running and standing figures, EACH 29c & 39c

Candy Easter Eggs in Crates
CHOCOLATE CREAM EGGS, per crate of 8 19c
CHOCOLATE COVERED MARSHMALLOW EGGS, 8 in a crate 19c
MARSHMALLOW EGGS, ASSORTED, 8 in a crate 15c
CHOCOLATE COVERED COCOANUT CREAM EGGS, per crate of 8 24c

MILK CHOCOLATE CHICKS—Moulded from our Famous Premium Milk Chocolate. PRICES, EACH 39c, 79c

GRAY VELVET BUNNIES, EACH 59c

DOLL FACE RABBITS IN WHITE AND BROWN PLUSH, with mechanical talking device, Each 59c & $1.99

LARGE WHITE PLUSH BUNNY WITH GRAY BOOTS, EACH $1.19

NOTE—Our stores will remain open to-night, Monday, April 14, for the convenience of Easter Shoppers, in accordance with schedule printed under the respective addresses.

54 BARCLAY STREET Open until 7 p. m.
29 CORTLANDT STREET Open until 10 p. m.
PARK ROW & NASSAU ST. Open until 12 p. m.
400 BROOME STREET Open until 6.30 p. m.
38 EAST 23D STREET Open until 10 p. m.
472 FULTON ST., B'KLYN Open until 11.30 p. m.
289 BROADWAY, Brooklyn. Open Until 10 P. M.
206 BROADWAY Open until 10 p. m.
11 EAST 42D STREET Open until 10 p. m.
200 WEST 125TH STREET Open until 11.30 p. m.
25 WEST 34TH STREET Open until 10 p. m.
149TH ST. & 3D AVE. Open until 12.30 p. m.
157 MARKET ST., Newark Open until 11.30 p. m.

Loft New York

The specified weight includes the container.