Faced Shot and Shell in the Late War,

ness-How He Won the Day.

From the Port Jervis, N. Y. Union.

war, and for a long time has resided in the

much better than when I last saw you.

improvement in your health?" asked the

But Was Almost Conquered by Sick-

McKINLEY'S SPEECH.

Delegations of Old Soldiers from Cleveland Visit Canton.

Over 500 old soldiers from Cleveland, O., visited Maj. McKinley at his home in Canton July 16. A special train had been chartered for the occasion, and the spokesman of the party announced that they did not come as Republicans or Democrats, but as comrades who had marched and fought under the same flag. Most of the visitors were in uniform, and were headed by a band brought from Cleveland, Two G.A.R. Posts of Canton acted as escort. Addresses were made by Commander Hugh Buckley, Senator W. T. Clark, Rev. Geo. Pfeffer, E. L. Patterson, C. C. Dewstoe, Capt. Bohm, and Maj. W. L. Gleason, to which Maj. Mckinley responded :

"My comrades and fellow-citizens: I respond to your call with special gratification. Nothing gives me greater pleasure than to meet at my home my comrades in the war. My friendship grows stronger and deater as the years recede and the old guard, one by one, is called home. Your presence revives many patriotic memories; it recalls many stirring and glorious events. How vividly they rise before us, and what an inspiration for the right they always are. To have been a faithful soldier of the Union is no less a source of joy in your advancing years and infirmities than a precious legacy for family and friends. It blesses he who gives, and enriches he who receives. It is a record of patriotism and service in the severest trials of our country. [Ap-

"We all know something of what that war meant and what it cost; what sacrifice it exacted, and for what a holy cause the sacrifice was freely given. Treasure illimitable, suffering indescribable, and death beyond previous record or comparison. By far the larger number of our old comrades of the Grand Army are sleeping in 'their silent tents' beyond the river, but though death has decimated our ranks it is a consoling reflection that more than a million of our comrades still survive. It is a gratifying thought that those who served their country best in war have always been among our best and truest citizens in peace.

"It is in the living present, however, and its duties and responsibilities that every old soldier is now as always most deeply interested. [Applause.] Each new engagement of the war brought its own new trials and perils to face and bravely overcome. The devotion to discipline and duty which distinguished them then has kept the old soldiers true and steady ever since. [Applause.] They have not faltered and will not falter now. There has been no time since they laid down their arms when we had greater need for patriotic men than now, and the response to the crisis of the hour will come from all sections of our common country. [Great applause.]

"We have reached a point in our history when all men who love their country must unite to defeat by their ballots the forces which now assault the country's honor. The war has been over 32 years, and as a result we have a reunited country, a Union stronger and freer, s civilization higher and nobler, a freedom brighter and more enduring, and a flag dearer and more sacred than ever before, and all of them safe from any enemy because the men who a third of a century ago fought in deadly conflict unite in their masterful might to oppose any enemy who would assail our freedom, or Union, or flag. [Cheers.]

"The struggle which is upon us, involving National good faith and honor, will enlist their united and earnest services until those who head. In this respect it will be unique among | Justice, Senator Costa; Minister of Finance, ronted and dispersed. The bitterness of the battleships. war belongs to the past. Its glories are the common heritage of us all. What was won in that great conflict belongs just as sacredly to those who lost as to those who triumphed.

"You meet to-day not as soldiers, but as citizens interested new in maintaining the credit of the country you served so well and in restoring prosperity and better times to our goodly heritage. The future is the sacred trust of us all, South as well as North. Honesty, like patriotism, can neither be bounded by State nor sectional lines. Financial dishonor is the threatened danger now, and good men will obliterate old lines of party in a united effort to uphold American honor.

"This you have always done, and you must strive to keep the Union worthy of the brave men who sacrificed and died for it. "I will be glad, my comrades, to meet you all personally." [Lond cheering.]

POLITICAL NOTES.

It is practically settled that Chicago will be Headquarters for the Bryan-Sewall National

United States Senator to succeed Voorhees. New Hampshire Democrats will held a State Convention to determine what to do.

Senator Gray, of Delaware, announces his repudiation of the Chicago ticket.

"Bloody Bridles" Waite, of Colorado, is strongly in favor of indorsing Bryan.

Senator Peffer has come out for a Populist indorsement of Bryan.

Henry Watterson says that he is too busy to run for President on the Gold Democratic platform. He has gone to Switzerland to work on a life of Lincoln, which be has contracted to write for a publishing firm, and must finish it

Des Moines July 15, was unusually large and He made two notable speeches there. One was in London Monday before the Lord Chief-Jusenthusiastic, and warmly indorsed Mckinley at a meeting of the gold-standard men, and the tice and two associates, without a jury. The and the St. Louis platform. Senator Teller has written to Bryan offering

him his services on the stump. Senator Don Cameron is for Free Silver, but

Bryan is too strong a dose for him, and he announces his intention to vote for McKinley. Jerry Simpson has been turned down by the Kansas Populists whom he wanted to nominate

him for Congressman. Gen. Weaver does not want any "referendum" and "initiative" fangles to embarrass Bryan. He says that the Populists do not understand things with Latin names, and it would

bother them to have them in the platform, Speaker Reed has formally announced his intention to run for Congress again. Missouri Sound Money Democrats have de-

cided to issue a call for a Convention to determine whether they will support McKinley or ree as independent ticket. John R. Ta ner, Republican nominee for

Governor of Illinois, says that the financial issue will disappear from the canvass inside of two months.

Dr. D. S. Fernandez, of Anderson, Ind., says that the Populists must have more concessions before they will support Bryan.

Vice-President Stevenson announces that he will support Bryan.

The Kentucky Free Silver Democrate have

captured and reorganized the State Committee. Sewall's candidacy has rent the Maine Democracy in twain. The leading Democrats of the State denounce him as no Democrat. They say that he has always been a rank Protectionist, for purely sordid and personal reasons, and that his candidary is the result of his own craving for prominence and notoriety. They say that he is first for Sewall, last for Sewall, and all the time for Sewall.

Senator Sherman thinks that the "Demoeratic party will repudiate Bryan and the Chicago platform. The bulk of the Democratic party are honest and conservative, and will nover submit to the inexperience of Bryan, or the Populism embodied in the platform."

Ex-Secretary Fairchild advises all Democrate to vote for McKinley, and "stop this wild-

Ed. J. Vaughn, one of the best known of Illinois Democrats, has resigned from the ticket, and says that the Chicago Convention was not controlled by Democrats, and that Altgeld and Tillman are trying to destroy the A mocracy by inviting revolution.

The California Socialist Labor Convention has adopted a platform protesting against the free coinage of silver on the ground that such action would be class legislation, inasmuch, as alleged, it would benefit the debter class at the expense of capitalists. The platform declares that Free Silver would not benefit laboring men, as wage-earners are not as a rule debtors.

MASSACHUSETTS' GIFT. Presentation of "Victory" Will Take Place

When the Battleship Visits Boston, When the battleship Massachusetts visits Boston in August the presentation of the work of art, "Victory," the gift of the State of Maseachusetts, will take place. The work has been produced by Artist Bela L. Pratt, in accordance with a bill passed by the Massachusetts Legis-

The full-size figure of "Victory" as it now stands is all ready for the transfer of the outlines to the sand mould, and finally to the enduring bronze. The picture here presented gives the work of art in its perfection. The model of the artist is a Boston ladv. The figure is about five feet eight inches in hight, and when placed against the turret of

the battleship the top will stand about 10 feet high. The artist was under the restrictions of constructing a figure to fit a flat surface. This is why the wings are somewhat more forward than would seem aproposing of the drapery, especially in the lower portion, to avoid flatness

The design is a bold and striking one, the countenance and general port suggesting the dignity and resolution which should be in keeping with an idealization of "Victory." The helmet, breast-plate and hip-plate, as well as the sword, which she carries horizontally, indicate the stern purposes of the war, while the wings idealize speed. The sword, which is much like a Cuban machete, bears on its side the word "Victory." It originally bore the following words, which the artist's second thought transferred to the base: "By duty done is honor won," There is also the name of the donor-the Commonwealth of Massachu-

Its position, on the turret between portholes, | bert : Premier and Minister of the Interior and from which two powerful guns will project, is | Minister of Foreign Affairs ad interim, Signor suggestive, and, in a sense, may be regarded as Rudini; Minister of Marine, Admiral Brin;



ing native Mussulmans.

turned to the United States. He did not bring any dispatches from Consul-General Lec. A heavy rainstorm, during which 1.77 inches of rain fell in less than an hour, did great damage at Pittsburg and Allegheny, Pa., Wednes-

Ten workmen were drowned near Cleveland, O., Thursday, thy the capsizing of a ferryboat in which they were returning to the city after work. The boat was intended to carry not more than a dozen, while at the time of the

The following Cabinet has been organized by Signor Rudini and approved by King Hum-



BAS RELIEF OF "VICTORY" FOR BATTLESHIP MASSACHUSETTS.

the town pillaged.

of San Diego.

counted for.

mation.

of Labor.

are arrayed against the public faith shall be the objects of adornment and utility on our Signor Branca; Minister of the Treasury, Signor Luzzatti; Minister of Public Works, Sig-

> WILLIAM E. RUSSELL DEAD. Was Three Times Massachusetts' Governor, and Favored Sound Money.

Ex-Gov. William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, was found dead in bed at his Summer camp at Little Pabos, Province of Quebec, Canada, last Armenia. Over 400 Armenians were killed and harmless, and can be given to weak and sickly Thursday morning. He died of heart failure. He had gone to the camp with a party of friends for a few days' fishing. The body was taken to Bruno has attacked the trocha in the Province Cambridge, Mass. The funeral was from Shep- of Pinar del Rio. It is believed his intention was ard Church.

William Enstis Russell was born in Cam- Maceo in his attempt to cross the line. bridge, Mass., in 1857. He graduated from Harvard in 1877 and then went to the Boston Law School. He graduated there in 1879 and gained admittance to the bar in his twentythird year in 1880. He continued to live at Cambridge, entered politics, became a Common Councilman and an Alderman, and at the age | tanzas. The Cubans lost two officers and 20 of 28 was elected Mayor, the youngest man ever | men killed, besides many wounded, while the elected to bat office. He achieved notoriety by his rigid enforcement of a prohibition ordi- and nine wounded. nance, although he was a license man, and by his settlement of a railroad strike in which the strikers were most bitter in their determination Gov. Matthews will be a candidate for to entorce their demands and the companies

firmly resolved against compromise. When the Democratic Convention of 1888 met he was 31 years old. He seemed to be the most available candidate, and was nominated for Governor. He was defeated, as he was again

in the following year, when he was renominated. In 1890 he was again nominated, and to witness the wedding of Mr. Henry B. Irving, was this time elected. Three times he was elected Governor. various parts of the country as a Presidential present. possibility, and the Democratic State Conventions of Massachusetts and Rhode Island de-

clared him to be their preference. He refused to have his name considered, however, until it should be made clear that the Democracy would g . before the country with a sound-money platform, and his last public work was in behalf of The Iowa Republican Convention, held at an honest currency at the Chicago Convention,

man's harangue. While Mayor of Cambridge Mr. Russell married Miss Margaret Swan. They had three children, two of them boys. Mrs. Russell went with her husband into society a great deal. Mr. Russell's father, Charles Theodore Russell, was also a lawyer, and was well known among the bar of Massachusetts,



one of the greatest afflictions that a man or woman can have. An affliction not only to themselves, but to those whom they come in contact. A foul breath is a dreadful discourager of affection, or rather of the demonstration of affection. It would probably be more so if

means. Bad breath is one of the symptoms of constipation. Some of the other symptoms are sour stomach, loss of appetite, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, heartburn and distress after eating. These things mean indigestion. They lead to dyspepsia and worse things. They all start with constipation, and constipation is inexcusable because it can be cured—cured easily, quickly and permanently, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are a perfect remedy for this most common of all troubles. They give to nature just the little help that she needs. They are very mild in their action, and act without any violence whatever. In this, they are different from many preparations offered for a similar purpose. Sometimes the remedy is worse than the disease, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are mild, but they are infallibly efficient, They do the work which they are intended to do, without deranging the system in any way. They not only give immediate relief, but the benefit derived from them is permanent. You can stop taking them by and by and there is no danger that you will become a slave to their use. The druggist who tries to sell you something else "just as good," either does not know what he is talking about, or be makes more money on the other thing. If you care more for his prosperity than you do for your own health, take the other thing. If you value your health, insist on having Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pelleis. A free sample, of from 4 to 7 doses, will be sent to any

people only realized just what bad breath

address. A copy of Dr. Pierce's celebrated 1008 page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of twenty-one (21) cents in one-cent stamps to cover cost

of mailing only. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MED-ICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street,

An attempt was made to assassinate M. Faure, President of the French Republic, while he was reviewing the troops at Longchamps, July 14. Two shots were fired at the President by a man named Francois, who is supposed to be of unsound mind. He was arrested. The President escaped unburt.

Insurgents on the island of Crete have made a demand of the Porte for certain modifications of the Halepa Convention, and if refused hos-Mr. Longcor, as a result of the exposures tilities will be resumed. The Turks are armand hardships he endured, has suffered for

The condition of affairs in South Africa is serious, and a dispatch from Buluwayo says that the natives are arming for active fighting. | day last week. "You seem to be feeling Intense heat prevailed in London and Paris early last week, and many fatalities resulted.

Gen. Bradley Johnson, who was in Cuba a

correspondent for a New York paper, has re-

day of last week, and it is estimated that the loss will exceed \$1,000,000.

accident nearly 30 were crowded into it.

bearing analogy to the old-fashioned figure- Minister of War, Gen. Pelloux; Minister of

nor Prinetti; Minister of Education, Signor

Gianturico; Minister of Agriculture, Signor

Guicciardini; Minister of Posts and Telegraph,

Signor Sineo; Commissioner for Sicily, with-

The London Chronicle publishes reports of

The band of insurgents commanded by Juan

to create a diversion in order to facilitate Gen.

An expedition under the command of Jose

Miro has succeeded in landing in the District

A sharp fight took place between the troops

and the insurgents between Havana and Ma-

which 177 resulted from yellow fever.

The loss of life from the recent tidal wave in

Japan was between 25,000 and 30,000. The

Government has received reports from all the

victims of the disaster have been found or ac-

others. The cars were completely demolished,

the direct cause of those officers being dishonor-

The London Globe has accused Lord Salisbury

of yielding to Secretary Olney, and says that

Negotiations are in progress to float a Russian

The Select Committee of the House of Assem-

preparations for the raid, and that Alfred Beit,

Director in the South Africa Company; Dr.

Jameson, the administrator for the company in

Rhodesia, and Dr. Rutherford Harris, Secretary

for the company at Cape Town, were active

Arthur C. Coxe, Bishop of the Episcopal Dio-

cese of western New York, died at Rochester,

N. Y., Monday. Bishop Coxe was born at

distinction from the University of New York

in 1838, and from the General Theological Semi-

nary of the Episcopal Church in 1841. His

work had been chiefly in New York State.

although he had traveled extensively, and had

been Rector of churches at Hartford, Conn.,

The death of Jose Maceo, the gallant insur-

gent leader, has caused dissension in the Cuban

ranks, and may result in a war between the

white and colored men who are now fighting

to cross the trocha to avenge the death of Jose,

and it is said will summen all colored men to

Mendham, N. J., in 1818. He graduated with

ably discharged from the German service.

ing the Monroe Doctrine.

and a number of Russian banks.

promoters of the raid.

and Baltimore, Md.

help him.

fresh massacres in the Diarbekir District of

out Ministerial portfolio, Signor Codronchi,

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

did the business for me. You see," said he, "I have been troubled with rheumatism for thirty years and have suffered terribly, as every one around here knows; and also with chronic diarrhea ever since I came out of the army, besides being troubled with indigestion. I could scarcely walk at all." "And during all these years do you mean to say that medicine prescribed by the doctors has done you no good?" asked the re-

A HALT ON A HOT DAY BESIDE GOOD

"To be sure. I have doctored with the best physicians in this place and adjoining towns, and not one of them did me any good." "How did you happen to try Pink Pills?"

asked the reporter. "I saw in a newspaper that an old friend of mine by the name of Struble, who lives in Branchville, N. J., had been cured of rheumatism by the use of Pink Pills for Pale People. I believed if these Pink Pills would cure one in so bad a condition as he was, they would cure me. I commenced to take the pills last April. the diarrhoea, which was considered incurable, is very much better. I had given up in despair, but thanks to the Lord and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I am living yet."

An attractive book of thirty-two pages, entitled "To the Veteran," containing interviews with prominent ex-soldiers, and beautifully illustrated, will be sent to any address by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., on receipt of a two-cent stamp for postage.

The proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills state that they are not a patent medicine, but a prescription used for many years by an eminent practitioner, who produced the most wonderful results with them, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of almost every ill to which flesh is heir. The pills are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely children with the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by | men. addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Sche-

GEN. SIGFRIED DEAD.

He Entered the Service as Captain and Retired as Brigadier-General.

Gen. Joshua K. Sigfried died at his home in Spanish claim their loss was only five killed Pottsville, Pa., July 18, after a lingering illness. Gen. Sigfried was born at Orwigsburg, Pa., July During June the Spanish military hospitals 4, 1832. His early life was spent first as a student in the public schools and the Pottsville in Cubs accommodated 8,086 sick. Of that Academy, and from that time on prior to the number 792 were suffering from yellow fever, late war he followed mercantile pursuits. He 146 from dysentery, 972 from malaria, 72 from early formed a taste for military life. In April, typhoid lever, and 728 wounded. During the 1847, he attached himself to the old Marion last 10 days of June, 236 deaths occurred, of Rifle Company as a private. In the following October he was promoted to the First Lieuten-Many members of the dramatic profession antcy, and on April 20, 1860, he was appointed were at St. Paneras Church, London, Monday, Major of the 3d Regiment, of the First Brigade, Sixth Division, Pennsylvania Militia. eldest son of Sir Henry Irving, and Miss

When the war broke out Gen Sigfried was Dorethea Baird. Lady Irving, Sir Henry among the first to offer his services. He en-Since last Spring Mr. Russell was discussed in Irving, and Ellen Terry were among those tered the service in April, 1861, as Captain in the 6th Pa. (Col. James Nagle) for a period of three months, at the expiration of which he was mustered out at Harrisburg. After his return home he assisted to organize the 48th devastated districts, and it is thought all the Pa., of which he was commissioned Major, and mustered into the service on Oct. 1, 1861. He moved with the regiment to Hatters on Nov. 11, 1861. He was promoted Lieutenant-Colonel by election on the 20th of that month.

The trial of the Jameson raiders was begun In April, 1862, he took command of the regiment, Col. Nagle having been detached to comother was in the Convention, in reply to Till- proceedings are expected to attract great at- mand of the First Brigade, Second Division, of what was afterward the Ninth Corps. The Insurgents in the Province of Puerto Prinregiment left New Berne on July 6, and reached cipe placed dynamite under the rails and de-Newport News on the 9th. Col. Sigfried spent stroyed a mixed train, killing two passengers the month there placing his regiment in an and eight Spanish soldiers, besides injuring effective condition. He left with his regiment for Fredericksburg to join Gen. Pope on Aug. 2. The regiment left Fredericksburg on the Capt. John Good-who was prominent in the 12th, marched to Culpeper, and joined Gen. overthrow of the monarchy in 1893, and has Pope on the 14th. It was immediately thrown since been Captain of one of the Government forward to Cedar Mountain and performed military companies at Honolulu-has been depicket duty when Gen. Pope's retreat comprived of his command and arrested for refusal menced. The regiment moved from there on to obey orders. Other charges are hinted at. the retreat of the 18th toward and occupied but Minister Cooper refused to give out infor-Kelly's Ford, on the Rappahannock. Lieut.-Col. Sigfried, with a portion of his regiment, Herr Von Puttkamer, Governor of the Gerrecrossed the river in support of Buford's cavman Cameroons, who was appointed less than a alry, who were engaged in a sharp skirmish

year ago, is now accused of acts of inhumanity | with the enemy. The regiment, under command of Lieut. and extreme cruelty which surpass those alleged against Leist and Whelan, and which was Col. Sigfried, was in the second battle of Bull Run, and it fought gallantly and lost heavily. He manuvered the regiment skillfully at the battle of Chantilly, and commanded the regiment through the Maryland campaign of 1862, participating in the battles of South Mountain the Premier has come perilously near recognizand Antietam. After the last engagement he was promoted Colonel, to date from Sept. 10. The Window Glass Workers' Association, in 1862. He commanded the regiment at the battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862.

session at Pittsburg, Pa., has voted to withdraw from the Knights of Laber. The association March 25, 1863, Col. Sigfried left Newport has 3,500 members, and it is said to have been News with his regiment for Lexington, Ky., the strongest trade organization in the Knights where the regiment remained on provost duty until Sept. 10, 1863. During that time Col. Sigfried was Provost-Marshal of the city and loan of 400,000,000 francs with the Rothschilds Military Commandant. He left Lexington on Sept. 10 as Colonel Commanding the First Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Corps. On the march to East Tennessee to join Burnside's bly to inquire into the circumstances of the Jameson raid has made a report. It finds that forces at Knexville, the distance, 226 miles, was marched in 18 days. Cecil Rhodes was fully acquainted with the

On Sept. 22, with his division, Col. Sigfried moved to Louden and then to Loneir, where it remained until Nov. 14, when it returned to Louden, covering the retreat of the army on the 15th from Lenoir to Campbell's Station. this point Col. Sigfried tresumed command the First Brigade.

Jan. 3, 1864, the 48th Pa having re-enlist for three years, returned home for reorganiz tion. The regiment having recruited its ran to the maximum number, left Pottsville March 14, 1864, under command of Col. Si fried, for Annapolis, where it was ordered rendezvous. It left Annapolis to co-operat with Gen. Grant in his great Virginia can paign April 23, 1864. On May 4 Col. Sigfrie was appointed to command the First Brigad the duty of which was to guard the trai necessary to facilitate Grant's operations. The duty ceased after the army had crossed th James River and established itself in front Petersburg, and Col. Sigfried's Brigade wa for Cuban liberty. It is generally believed that Jose Maceo was killed by order of Calixto assigned to other important duty. At the ex plosion of the mine at Petersburg, Col. Si Gracia for disobeying orders. Antonio Maceo, fried with his brigade participated in the charg the brother of the dead leader, is now trying on the enemy's works. Subsequently he was brevetted Brigadier-General by President Lin coln for his gallantry in this action. He con tinued in command of the brigade until mu

tered out of service, Oct. 2, 1864, by reason of A LONG SIEGE

the expiration of his term of service. On Oct. 11, 1870, Gen. Sigfried was appointed Major-General for the Sixth Division, National Guards of Pennsylvania, in which capacity he as Commander of the troops in subduing the riots which prevailed in various parts of the State during that period. Oct. 22, 1878, when the officers were reduced to one Major-General and five Brigadiers, he was commissioned Brigadier-General of the Third Brigade, serving John L. Longcor is a veteran of the late until 1885, when he resigned.

Gen. Sigfried was a prominent business man little village of Milford, Pike County, Pa. and had been engaged in many enterprises. many years with diarrhos, rheumatism and Senator on the Republican ticket, but was de- picnic. feated. A widow and three children survive | S. M. Funk, President, Cerro Gordo: Reunion A Union reporter visited Mr. Longcor one him.

Col. Daniel E. Hungerford Dead.

What has wrought this great change and Col. Daniel E. Hungerford, father of Mrs. John W. Mackey, died at Rome, Monday. Col. Hungerford was a native of Herkimer County, N. Y. Going to California in 1849, he remained on the Pacific Coast until the breaking | MAINE. out of the civil war, when he returned to New York, and from that State entered the Union In 1877 Col. Hungerford removed to Europe, write the Secretary. but two years later returned to New York. In 1887 he took up his residence permanently in

> LADIES OF THE G.A.R. Corresponding Secretary Adelia Wade Tells of Kansas Work,

> EDITOR NATIONAL TRIBUNE: As your paper is read in so many soldiers' homes, I think a few lines regarding the G.A.R. Ladies of Kansas will be of interest to some of your readers. I will attempt to give you a few items. Our State Convention was held in April at the same time and place as the G.A.R., W.R.C., and kindred organizations. Pleasant greetings and courtesies were freely exchanged, and the bitter opposition of the past seems to have died out.

The G.A.R. were most cordial, and a large number of comrades took our obligation and became honorary members. Among these were Past Commanders and other officers. Mother Bickerdyke is now a member of our Order. Our newly-elected President, Emma Wall, is the right woman in the right place. She has always been an enthusiastic worker for the best interests of our organization, and her election gives general satisfaction. She has been the recipient of many congratulatory letters, and our Order will move forward under her administration.

The Department Secretary writes that reports show an increase in numbers and interest during the last quarter. Sister Wall visited the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth, Memorial Sunday, and delivered an address to the old veterans, which was well received and highly appreciated by them. She was given a standing invitation to speak in the Home Church, and was most cordially received by Gov. Smith and wife, and everything done to make her stay pleasant. Sister Wall has no sympathy I feel like a new man. My rheumatism has | with the attacks being made on Gov. Smith, now disappeared, my stomach is all right, and and says as far as she could learn his adminis-Leavenworth.

An appeal was made by a veteran's wife to the Department for \$50, that she might take treatment at the hospital. She is the mother | Hunt for information. of three children and the wife of a sick soldier. The appeal was sent out, and generous response came to gladden the heart of this afflicted woman, who is now in Christ Hospital in

The G.A.R. of Kansas and its kindred societies are looking forward to the State Reunion, to be held in Topeka in September. This promises to be a most interesting time. The various committees are hard at work, and every effort is being made for a grand success. One feature will be a flower parade, which will be in charge of the ladies, and the members of Circle and Corps are taking a prominent part in this work. The most attractive feature will be the address of Maj. McKinley, which was promised in the Spring .- ADELIA HUNT WADE, Corresponding Secretary, Meridan, Kan.

FOR DEBILITATED MEN, Horsford's Acid Phosphate,

Dr. J. B. ALEXANDER, Charlotte, N. C., says: 'It is not only pleasant to the taste, but ranks among the best of nerve tonics for debilitated

REUNIONS.

served until the Fall of 1878, doing good service | Meetings and Other Matters Pertaining to Various Organizations.

ILLINOIS. G. W. Patton, Secretary, Paris: Reunion 79th Ill. at Cherry Point, July 28, in connection with the Edgar County Veteran Association, He had held many offices of honor in his Comrade, bring your wife and a basket full of country, and in 1874 was a candidate for State grub, and let us have a good old-fashioned

107th Ill. at Cerro Gordo, Aug. 12 and 13.

William S. Kaler, Secretary, Andersonville: Reunion 123d Ind. at Connersville, Aug. 25. The Secretary should be notified of deaths or changes of address.

J. E. Rhodes, Secretary, Rockland : Reunion 6th Me. battery at Camp Benson, Newport, army as Lieutenant-Colonel of the 36th N. Y. Aug. 14. All members of the battery should

> The Soldiers and Sailors' Association of Fillmore County, held in the city of Rushford, July 4, was well attended. At the business meeting which took place in the afternoon. resolutions were adopted expressing gratitude to the citizens of Rushford for the kind hospitality extended to the veterans; also resolutions of respect in memory of the late comrades, Henry Stage and O. L. Jar, of Rushford Post, and M. M. Cowles, of Burdie Post. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Pres., A. N. Hoff, Fillmore; Sec., W. G. Banks, Fillmore; V.-P's., R. C. Livingston, Spring Valley; G. C. Kuth, Fillmore; Comrade Schoolcraft, Chatfield; G. W. Rockwell, Rushford; George Dolphin, Lanesboro; D. J. Brightbill, Preston.

C. M. Woolsey, Secretary, Milton: Reunion Harris Light Cavalry Association, 2d N. Y. Cav., at Peekskill, Sept. 17, Headquarters will be at Eagle Hotel, where comrades are requested to assemble at 11:30 a. m., sharp, from where the Association and friends will proceed to the farm of Comrade Eugene Travis, of old Co. F. where lunch will be served.

Thomas W. Smith, Secretary, Fifth National Bank, New York City: Rennion 11th N. Y. Cav. "Scott's 900") at Alexander Bay, N. Y., Aug. and 5. Write the Secretary.

Ransom Campbell, Secretary, Delaware: Reunion 96th Ohio, at Delaware, Aug. 19. Charles Finkbemer, Secretary, Bowling Green: Reunion 3d Ohio Cav., at Wakeman, Aug. 19. Wakeman lies six miles east of Norwalk on the L. S. & M. S. R. R. All comrades going over the Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R. will be met at Clarksfield and conveyed to

Wakeman in carriages.

William Davenport, Secretary, Washington Courthouse: Reunion 160th Ohio, at Samanug. tration is heartily indorsed by the people of 11 and 12. Comrades are requested to write Leroy G. Hunt, Mt. Vernon-Reunion 20th Ohio at Delaware, Aug. 20. Write Comrade

> PENNSYLVANIA. Capt. Noah W. Lowell, Secretary, Erie: Reunion 111th Pa., at Erie, Aug. 20.

WISCONSIN. W. P. Clarke, Secretary, Milton: Reunion 13th Wis. at Janesvill-, Aug. 19. There will be a Reunion of the regiment at the National Encampment in St. Paul, Minn., on Tuesday, Sept. 1, at 10 o'clock a. m. This will be held in the lecture room of Unity Church, on Wabasha street, two blocks north of the Capitol, For any information in regard to the annual meeting, address Maj. Sam. C. Cobb, Janesville, Wis. For the St. Paul Reunion, Capt. E. E. Woodman, of St. Paul,

Shipmate Allen for Commander-in-Chief. At a regular stated muster of Naval Post, 400, Department of Pennsylvania, G.A.R., held in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, July 1, Rear-Admiral Francis B. Allen, of Hartford, Conn., was unanimously indorsed for next Commander-in-Chief, and the influence of the delegates from this Department solicited in his

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								Original pending.	Original rejected.	5 =	Certificate not pend'g.	Original.	Add'l, etc.
Army Invalid	790	241 90 3	73	43		13 23 5	647 1076 154	104	45	1	140	939	433
Army Widow, etc., act June 27, 1890. Navy Invalid	485 3	3	4		5	4	494 I1	10			12	501	21
Navy Invalid, act June 27, 1890 Navy Widow, etc Navy Widow, act June 27, 1890	16					3	19	1	2	1	1	17	12
Army Nurse		*********											
Old War InvalidOld War Widow					1		1						
Indian Wars Survivor	6				*****		6 19						
Mexican War Widow	16 168	84	87	0.00000	*****		17 882		-				
Total	1767	425	117	87	384	48	2828	115	53	8	156	1599	469