

"while the timid and conservative are waiting for business to 'pick up,' the hustling advertiser picks up business by persistent persuasion."



CAPTAIN R. B. BRADFORD.

Captain R. B. Bradford is the commander of the United States battleship Illinois, which was recently seriously damaged in collision with the battleship Missouri, and has since been undergoing repair.

Stole a Gun and Was Arrested

OFFICER JOHNSON GETS ANOTHER THIEVING HOMBRE LAST NIGHT—THE MEXICAN HAD BROKEN INTO A HOUSE AND STOLEN SIX-SHOOT. ER.

About one week ago a house on Chihuahua Hill was broken into and among other things that were stolen there was a 45 Colt's six-shooter. A few nights ago a Mexican tried to "soak" a gun answering in description the one stolen. Officer Johnson obtained a description of the man, and last night saw him on the street. The officer arrested the Mexican and told him "to reach to the sky as high as he could." At first the hombre was inclined to pay no attention to the hands up order, and then he concluded that it was wise to obey the officer. He stuck his hands up, and on being searched he was found to be carrying a 45 gun. Upon examination the gun proved, as the officer expected, the one stolen last week. The housebreaker was locked up in jail awaiting a trial.

DEADLOCK STILL UNBROKEN.

Illinois G. O. P. in the Midst of Fight Three Schemes Submitted.

Springfield, Ill., Wednesday.—The Republican state convention took five more ballots today without breaking the deadlock, and without producing any material change in the standing of the candidates for governor. Three important propositions were presented during the day, all designed to end the contest. Two were rejected, and the other is now before the committee on resolutions. The first proposition was to discontinue the roll calls and vote by secret ballot. This was repudiated. The second was to refer the governorship back to the party by means of primaries to be held on the same day throughout the state. It was lost by a vote of two to one. That the candidates be requested to release their delegates from further obligations and to permit them to vote regardless of instructions, is the proposition now pending before the resolutions committee. Yates and Deenen are opposed to it, and it will probably be beaten.

Rebels Are Quitting.

Paris, Wednesday.—The Petit Parisien's Oran dispatches say that the Moorish pretenders' last troops have disbanded, and the numerous tribes are seeking submission to the Sultan.

Herrin Succeeds Col. Epes Randolph

THE ESPEE TAKES CONTROL OF HUNTINGTON ELECTRIC LINES.

These Cover All the Suburban Lines in and Around Los Angeles—Huntington Continues to Hold the City Lines—Rapid Extension to San Diego Now On.

Los Angeles, Wednesday.—W. F. Herrin is to be the vice president of the Pacific Electric Railway company, taking the place occupied until now by Epes Randolph.

This is taken to mean that E. H. Harriman, otherwise the Southern Pacific company, has taken control of the Huntington suburban and interurban railways. When the fight came up some time ago between Senator Clark and Mr. Harriman on one side and Mr. Huntington on the other, it was rumored that the settlement was made on a basis of the Southern Pacific company being put in control of the lines outside of the city, leaving H. E. Huntington the possession of the city roads. This was the time when Mr. Huntington made his famous rush trip to San Francisco, saw Mr. Harriman, withdrew his resignation as a vice president of the Southern Pacific, and came back with some sort of a treaty of peace.

Millionaire managers of railways work in a mysterious way their wagers to perform; no absolutely reliable explanation of the situation has ever been nor probably ever will be, but Mr. Herrin's selection in Mr. Randolph's place tends to corroborate the theory that Mr. Huntington gave up the fight to build an interurban system of roads against Harriman's interests, and surrendered.

Mr. Herrin finds his power greatly extended by this move. He will have to do more or less local politics in looking after the interest of the company and will have a vastly larger corps of lieutenants throughout Southern California than before.

Mr. Huntington continues to hold his interest in the city railway system, an interest amounting to over half of the stock; this, on the authority of street railway men, was made a present to him in consideration of his rehabilitating the company. It is further not at all probable that he has given up his holdings in the Pacific Electric, or that sister corporation, the Interurban company, but that an exchange of controlling interests has been effected satisfactorily to Mr. Harriman.

The chief interest of the public is in the fact that the lines are being built and will be extended to San Diego and Santa Barbara and possibly to Bakersfield in the future.

HE OPENED HIS MOUTH JUST 8 TIMES

TO VOTE ON PUBLIC QUESTIONS IN THE TWO SESSIONS OF CONGRESS.

"WILLIE'S" RECORD

Remarks 0—Pension Bills Introduced 0—Private Relief Bills Introduced 0—Private Claims Introduced 0—Petitions Introduced 0—Memorials Submitted 0—Reports Made 0—Amendments Offered 0.

Washington, Wednesday.—The candidacy of Congressman William Randolph Hearst for the Democratic nomination for the presidency makes his official record during the extra and the first session of the Fifty-eighth Congress a matter of particular interest for those whose votes he is seeking. It may be stated in the outset that Mr. Hearst has never, in the hall of the House of Representatives, opened his mouth, save only to answer ye or nay on a roll call and he has performed that oratorical feat but eight times. The effect of his election to Congress upon the country in general and his immediate constituents in particular has been felt through the efforts above enumerated, and represented by the cipher.

During these two sessions of the Congress of which Mr. Hearst has been a member, there were forty-one important roll calls on ye and nay votes. The official record shows that Mr. Hearst was present in the house and recorded as voting on eight of them. Three of these roll calls were had in one day on a contest election case, so that Mr. Hearst has the remarkable official record of having been in his seat and responding to a call for his vote on but six days of the entire period covered by the special and first regular sessions, during all of which time he was an avowed candidate for the presidential nomination.

Of the seven bills and three house resolutions introduced by Mr. Hearst, every one of them is along the lines laid down by the national policy carried at the top of the editorial columns of Mr. Hearst's papers, or for the purpose of approving and conducting still further certain investigations begun at the instigation of some one of the Congressman's chain of newspapers.

One of these bills alone would, if enacted into law require the addition to the present force of public employes, a small army of clerks. It requires the heads of departments to transmit to Congress specifications "with full minute details" of each item of estimated expenditure exceeding \$100. This would make the annual book of estimates a ponderous volume and require a vast amount of useless labor.

Through the columns of his various papers much was printed of the doings of Mr. Hearst when the proposed eight-hour and other laws were up for hearing before the house committee on labor, of which Mr. Hearst is a member. The hearings on the eight-hour law comprise 463 printed pages and consumed thirteen days, beginning February 4 and ending March 26. During that time Mr. Hearst, as the champion of labor and their especial mouth-piece in the committee, asked questions and made statements in reply to witnesses, fifty-eight times. In doing so, consuming by actual count only 1,109 words, equal in space to about two pages of the testimony.

The second day's hearing took place February 11. The columns of the New York American reporting the hearing the next day contained the announcement in black face type and headlines that "Representative Hearst riddled the arguments of the anti's." The report of the hearing that day covers thirty-one pages. A glance at these pages shows that—(page 27)—the Congressman-candidate "riddled" the arguments of those opposed to the eight-hour law by asking two questions and making two statements, composed, all told, of exactly 106 words. One of these statements was: "I run my business twenty-four hours a day, but as to the individual workman I only employ him eight hours." Then the

(Continued on Page Four.)

Gen. Kuroki Hands Kuropatkin a Severe Drubbing and Defeat

Completely Defeats the Russian Forces—All the Russian Positions East of Hai Cheng Have Been Abandoned—Whole Squadrons of Cossacks Taken

London, Wednesday.—A special dispatch from Rome says a telegram has been received there from Tokio, reporting that General Kuroki has completely defeated General Kuropatkin's forces near Sai Matsuo. All the Russian positions east of Hai Cheng have been abandoned, according to the telegram. Several hundred guns have been taken, and whole squadrons of Cossacks have been captured.

ATTACK ON PORT ARTHUR BEGUN.

Indianapolis, Thursday.—A special cable dispatch from the staff correspondent of the Indianapolis News at Che Foo, dated June 1, says: "The Japanese land attack on Port Arthur was begun yesterday morning. The Russian forces that were driven southward from Dainy and Kin Chou by the Japanese, are assisting the garrison at Port Arthur, and the Russian navy has joined in their effort to repulse the enemy. There may be several days' skirmishing and outpost work before the Russian city is taken, but it is the opinion of refugees who have arrived here from the besieged 'Gibraltar,' that the Russians eventually must succumb to overwhelming numbers. Dainy, Kin Chou, Aalienwan and Nan Shan have already fallen before the Japanese."

Things Are Hardly Going In Willie's Direction

Detroit, Wednesday.—The anti-Hearst element of the Michigan democracy, headed by Daniel J. Campau, of Detroit, national committeeman from this state, triumphed over Hearst supporters at every stage in the Democratic convention here today, to select delegates to the national convention, and an uninstruted delegation will be sent. While there are some Hearst men among the district delegates to St. Louis, the delegation was instructed to vote as a unit.

Floods Very Bad.

Topeka, Kan., Wednesday.—A special to the State Journal from Vassar says: The community is experiencing the most serious flood since 1844. The river reaches from bluff to bluff, the crops are practically ruined and nearly all the bridges are washed out.

Hard Fighting Going On.

Liao Yang, Wednesday.—Continuous fighting has taken place northeast of Feng Wang Cheng and the railway above Kin Chou. Since May 27, a sharp action has taken place eastward of Simatsi, 25 miles north of Feng Wang Chang, which lasted from the morning of May 27 until daylight, May 28. Both sides suffered severely. Detailed figures are lacking. The engagement resulted in the Russians retiring on the Simatsi, followed cautiously by the Japs' detachments. Three companies of Japanese are reported to have ambushed a Patrol of the Nerinsky regiment near Punsian wounding three Cossacks. A fourth Cossack had his horse killed from under him, and fearing capture, he buried his rifle. He was captured, but subsequently escaped, dug up his rifle and rejoined his regiment. Severe fighting is reported along the railway between Vfangy and Vlandien. The Japanese suffered heavily and would have been annihilated had not an infantry reserve come up and forced the Russians to retire into Vfangy.

SIR HENRY TO RETIRE.

London, Wednesday.—Sir Henry Irving, at a reception given in his honor by the Manchester Art Club this evening, definitely announced that he would retire from the stage in 1906.

FIERCE FIGHT JAPANESE LOST

IN HAND TO HAND COMBAT THE JAPS LOST MEN AND HORSES. RUSSIAN OFFICERS ARE WOUNDED—INFANT. TRY RESERVE.

PREPARING FOR SIEGE

Russia Removing Big Guns From Kronstadt to Fortify Harbin—Kuropatkin Insists on a Retreat to That City—Bad Impression Produced by Proposed Retreat.

St. Petersburg, Thursday.—Gen. Sakharoff has telegraphed as follows under today's date, to the general staff: "According to reports the Japanese commander, in the action of May 30, near Vafangow, had three battalions of infantry in reserve. Our losses were 17 men killed and 23 men wounded, and Lieut. Meyer and another officer, whose name has not been ascertained, wounded. The Japanese losses were very considerable. One squadron of the Thirteenth Japanese cavalry was annihilated in a hand to hand encounter, and another squadron which came to its assistance suffered a great loss from the fire of our Frontier Guards and Riflemen. We captured nineteen horses."

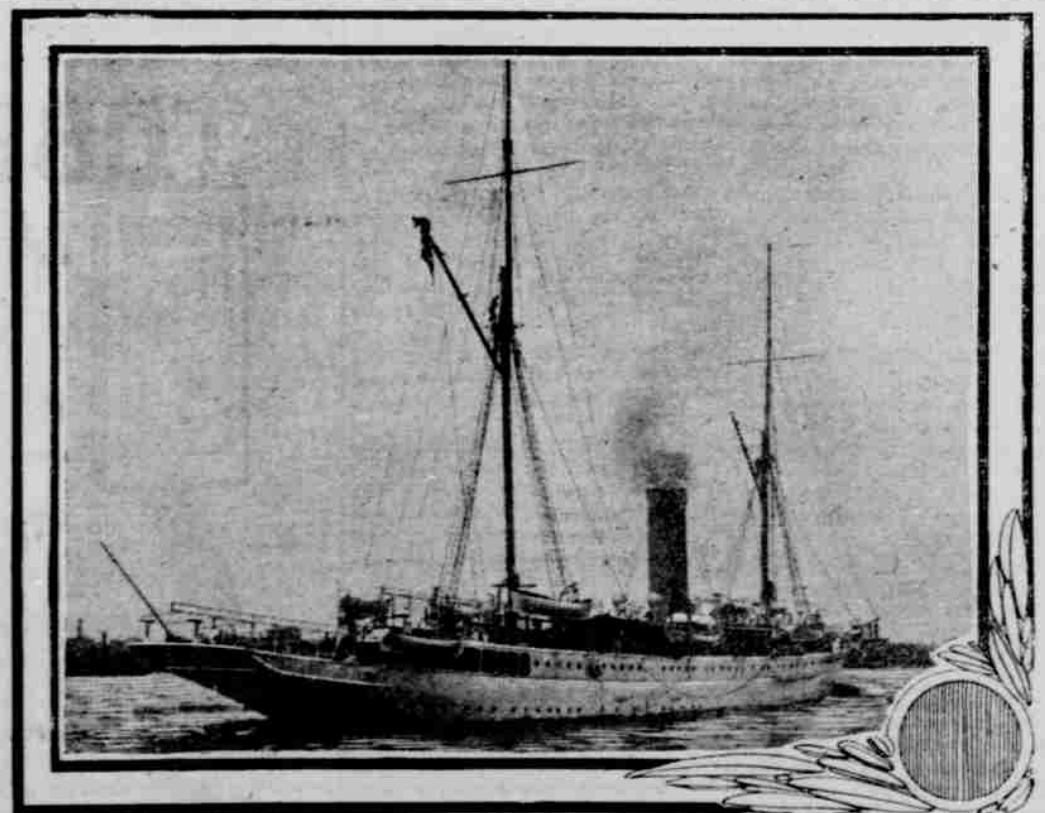
Moving Big Guns.

London, Thursday.—The Moscow correspondent of the Times learns that Harbin is to be fortified speedily against the contingency of a siege. Heavy siege guns have left St. Petersburg already, an are really intended

Additional Telegraph

(Continued on Page Five.)

Mules and Miners—The "Mules and Miners" are to give another of their popular dances at the Bisbee Opera House on Thursday evening next, June 9, and there is scarcely any doubt but what this occasion will by far eclipse the most successful inauguration of these entertainments prepared by the miners for themselves and the enjoyment of their guests. A novelty will be introduced on this occasion, when each guest will be presented with amineure "dinner pail," for which the committee has given the firm of Ord & Co. an order for five hundred. The committees propose to make their forthcoming ball one of the most successful ever enjoyed in Bisbee. Cards of admission and the order of dances are now being prepared and will be sent out the latter part of the week.



THE PRESIDENT'S YACHT, MAYFLOWER.

The President's private yacht, the Mayflower, which is to be sent for a prolonged cruise in European waters, is one of the handsomest vessels in the government fleet. She was built as a private yacht for the late Ogden Goelt at a cost of \$800,000. Uncle Sam bought her during the Spanish-American War for \$450,000, and has expended \$50,000 in refitting her.