

Fair and cooler. Our Fall crop is

## RIPE

If you want to get the drop on some of these good things drop in-give he tree a jar.

To-day see our-Neckwear, 5c to \$2.00.

Gloves, 25c to \$8 00. Shirts, 48c to \$3.50. Sweaters, 50c to \$5.00. Underwear, 25c to \$4.50 a gar-

Hose, 10c to \$2 00. Hats, 97c to \$5.00. Men's Shoes, \$3.50 to \$5.00 AT THE

WHEN

## BONDS TROOPS TOO ZEALOUS

WE OWN AND OFFER-

Indiana, County 5% Gravel Road Bonds

Price to Net Purchaser 41/2%.

J. F. WILD & CO., Bankers No. 205 Stevenson Building.

SURGICAL APPLIANCES.

Emergency and Medicine Cases, Electric Bath Cabinets. Thermometers and Artin-

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. 224 and 226 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind.

# MONEY FOR W.J. BRYAN

BEQUEST OF \$50,000 MADE BY THE LATE P. S. BENNETT.

Never Be Paid, Because the Widow of the Testator Has Given Notice of Contest.

STATEMENT BY MR. BRYAN

NOTICE OF THE BEQUEST WAS PLACED IN A SEALED LETTER.

Bennett Was a Friend of the Bebraskan and Sent Him \$3,500 for Campaign Expenses.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 21.-As a climax of to-day's hearing on the application for the probating of the will of the late Philo S. Bennett, accompanying which was a sealed letter which William J. Bryan to-day testified was a request that he accept \$50,000, Judge Stoddard, who represents Mrs. Bennett, declared that if Mr. Bryan insisted upon receiving the fund | the Kansas men were called upon to conshe would contest the will. Mr. Bryan, front, the Eighth Cavalry succeeded in pression came on the stockholders, from inspectors. Very few honest inspectors are for the entire trip was 117. Commander in reply, said that not one cent of the money would be allow either his wife or his children to receive upless Mrs. Bennett were willing. He, however, did intend to ask the court to decide the validity of the bequest so that in case it was declared legal he could distribute the money among educational and charitable institutions,

a mass of correspondence between himself and Mr. Bennett from the year 1896 to 1900. He read a number of the letters aloud peatedly made offers of financial assistance to him. On four occasions, according to the | Colonel McDonnell and the left under Major | closed temporarily and requested the conwitness, Mr. Bennett sent him money to aid Phelps. The Nebraska scouts brought in troller of the currency to take charge. him, the amount aggregating \$3,500. He related that in May, 1900, Mr. Bennett came it came they were ready for it, but they when the floods came, we had maintained to Lincoln, Neb., to discuss the provisions of his will and told Mr. Bryan that he wished him to accept a bequest of \$0,000, of the Nebraska position to draw the fire of 'ways loyal to the bank and in full accord inspectors. He thought that the Indian believing that he would need it later. A suggestion made by Mr. Bryan at that time was to the effect that if Mr. Bennett so desired he could embody it in a request to Mrs. Bennett in a letter to be left with the will. He further suggested that the money be left in trust to him to distribute among educational and philanthropic institutions. After Mr. Bennett returned East he executed his will and sent a copy to Mr.

When Mr. Bryan's statement had been concluded Judge Stoddard said the will would be contested by Mrs. Bennett if Mr. Bryan sought to secure the money, be-Heving that Mr. Bryan had no equitable

### right to it. EN ROUTE TO MANILA

Twenty-Second Infantry Starts from Fort Crook, Neb.

FORT CROOK, Neb., Oct. 21 .- The Twenty-second Infantry, Colonel Henry Wygant commanding, left this afternoon for Manila for a two years' absence. There are 465 men in the two battalions, including the band of twenty-six pieces. The regiment is How Kansas Alfalfa Growers Are destined for service in southern Luzon.

Returning for a Visit.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELWOOD, Ind., Oct. 21.-Miss Floy Gil- the railroads," said A. H. Burtis, federal more, of this city, who was a few months | feuce inspector. "They claim the railroads ago appointed assistant attorney general of lare discriminating against them. It costs the Philippine islands, is on her way home | them 70 cents a bushel to ship alfalfa seed for a visit with relatives and friends, hav- from the alfalfa center out there to Toing sailed from Manila on the 7th of this month. Miss Gilmore, who is but twentyfour years of age, is a graduate of the Ann Arbor (Mich.) Law School, and went to Manila two years ago to assume a clerkship in the government offices, having made the long trip there from Elwood alone. Her ability was soon demonstrated, and resulted in her elevation to her present position.

Ordered to the Philippines.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., Oct. 21 .- Major Abner Pickering, of this county, who commands a battalion of the Twenty-second Regiment. United States Infantry, to-day received orders to report at Manila for service. He has served two years in the islands with Marumsco, about twenty miles below Alexthe regulars and expects to be absent on this assignment two years more. He will be accompanied by his wife, and with the soldiers will sail from San Francisco on the transport Sheridan on Oct. 31. Major Pickering is now at Fort Crook, Neb.

An \$18,000 a Year Job.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.-President Francis to-day appointed former Judge James A. Seddon acting counsel of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company to succeed Frank P. Blair, resigned. The salary of the position is \$18,000 a year. Judge Seddon-is a law partner of Mr. Blair.

SOLDIERS CLIMBED HAYSTACKS TO

GAIN VANTAGE POINTS.

Did Something That Was Not on the Programme, and Therefore Gained

FIERCE IMAGINARY BATTLES

Batteries, Belts and Insoles, Hot-air and HAVOC WOLLD HAVE BEEN AWFUL IF FIGHTING WAS REAL.

> harp Engagement Between Nebraskans and Regular Cavalry-Kansas Brigade Cut in Two.

against the United States and practicall an even break all around was the result the army exercises to-day. The militar situation for the day was that each detach ment of state troops should take up a de fensive position and there await the attac of a force of regular troops against it. I each case the attacking party was the ac vance of an imaginary army. The low regiment took its place on the Ogden flat and was there attacked by the Tenth Cav alry, which drew off after a spirited actio without penetrating the line of the me from the Hawkeye State, who were we handled by their officers. What might hav came in contact with the defenders is something that can only be guessed at. As it was, however, the regulars did not get through. Texas also held its own.

The Missouri regiment took position on the hills north of the camp, where it withstood the attack of Colonel Kline's Twenty-first Infantry. The advance was run back to the main line, but the umpires stopped the fight before it came to a question of whether the regulars could have Zanesville, O. That company is in the broke through the lines.

the first place General Hughes's two regiments were confronted with the topographical features, which were against them and favored the advancing force more than was States. Owing to these obstacles, which forcing their way through the center of necessity or fear, began throwing the stock the Kansas brigade. General Hughes brought up his support promptly, and made the effort to bring his line into shape, but the umpires called the thing off just as it was getting to be a mighty pretty fight, with the final result in anybody's favor. One of the most spectacular fights of the day was between the Second Nebraska and took fright and the rapid withdrawal of the Fourth Cavalry, which was terminated moneys began and increased in volume During the hearing Mr. Bryan introduced | always saving what might have been done | in loans and provide funds, the bank could to them by that terrible imaginary main no longer meet the demands upon it, and Indian service. behind the advance of the attacking force. The Nebraskans were posted on the high ground northwest of the camp. Their cen- matured. Last night the directors, believstructed rifle pits. The right was under the circumstances, ordered the bank to be alry was sent out into the open on the right | The board of directors is and has been althe fighting had been the real thing, but

a heavy force of dismounted cavalry. State troops returned as hot a fire as they received and the conflict was as a pretty thing of its kind as could be imagined, when suddenly the umpires galloped along the line calling for a halt. Some of the combatants in their zeal to get at their enemy to obtain a better position from which to maginary enemy. Lieutenant General

Ian Hamilton, of the British army, was also expected, but will not come until to-morrow or next day.

DISCRIMINATION IN RATES.

Beating the Railroads.

TOPEKA, Oct. 21 .- "Alafalfa men in western Kansas have a grievance against peka. The rate for shipping millet seed is only 10 cents a bushel. Alfaifa seed and millet weigh the same per bushel. Still. millet freight is 10 cents and alfalfa is 70 cents per bushel. There isn't one railroad man in ten that can tell which is millet and which is alfalfa seed by looking at it. Inasmuch as the railroads were giving them the worst of it, some of the shippers out there concluded they would turn a trick

about \$250 a car. Collision Without Casualties.

themselves. So they have been shipping alfalfa seed and labeling it millet seed, get-

ting the 10-cent rate. This would save them

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.-A collision ocandria. Va., between the south-bound Seaboard Air-line express No. 31 and northbound freight No. 806, on the Richmond. Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad. The north-bound freight had taken a siding to give the right of way to the north-bound Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac express No. 66. The south-bound Seaboard Air-line express took the siding for the same purpose, resulting in a collision. There were no casualties, Engineer R. C. Davis, of Richmond, of the Seaboard Air-line express, being but slightly injured.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's New Dress?

FORCED TO SUSPEND.

Over Two Million Dollars Withdraws by Stockholders and Depositors Within Two Weeks.

LIABILITIES

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS AT LAST RE-PORT WERE \$5,036,072,

Bank and Lack of Confidence-Depositors to Be Paid.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 21.-The doors of the Federal National Bank were not opened for business this morning. The following noice was posted in explanation: "Closed by the authority of the controller of the currency." This was signed: "John B.

Cunningham, receiver. the institution's stock on the Pittsburg Stock Exchange. The positive statements, and the deposits are thought to be in the the effect that the bank was not in need of money, and that its losses would not affect its capital or surplus, did much toward allaying distrust on the part of its depositors, thus preventing a run.

The closing of the bank was decided on at a meeting of the directors last night, would make a statement, and locally the ceiver. outcome of the meeting was not generally known until the receiver's notice was posted

The bank is a United States depository and reported on hand Sept. 9, \$50,000 of United States deposits. It was chartered Nov. 16, 1901, with a capital stock of \$2,-000,000. The following is the statement of the bank's resources and liabilities as shown by the last report of condition to the controller of the currency, Sept. 9: -Resources .-

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Samme bare
Overdrafts	463
United States bonds	806,652
Stocks and securities etc	17,500
Deal entate	11,000
Real estate	26,849
Due from banks and bankers	1,130,592
Cash and cash items	675,652
Total	37.693.782
	CONTRACTOR OF STREET
Capital stock	\$2,000,000
Surplus and undivided profits	580,669
Circulation	700,000
Due to banks and bankers	9 975 559
Unnaid dividends	4,010,004
Deposits	0,448
Deposits	1,932,107
Bills payable	100,000
Total	\$7,693,782
The stock of the bank has been	gubiant
	Overdrafts United States bonds Stocks and securities, etc

this week. On Monday the stock sold down from 115 to 85, but was forced up again to All day yesterday it sagged and the clos-

ing quotations were 80 bid and 85 asked, a number of transactions having been made at 80. The course of the stock has attracted much attention, and numerous adverse reports were in circulation, but they were promptly and fully denied by President J. A. Langfitt. He stated yesterday evening that the bank had suffered only one possi-ble loss, that of \$140,000, for which it held notes of the Eastern Tube Company, of hands of a receiver and a plan of reor-Kansas did not fare quite as well. In ganization is being worked out, he said, and the bank's losses on that account may

Following is the signed statement of President Langfitt: "The Federal National Bank has finally yielded to the combined assaults of its stockholders and depositors, the case with the troops of the other and has closed its doors until arrangements can be made to discharge all depositors' claims. The question of reopening will then be decided. When the business delarge and the market weak. Thereupon disquieting rumors sprang into birth, groundless, baseless and perhaps in some cases malicious. These increased the weakness of the stock, and the weakness increased the rumors until our splendid list of depositors body, which was supposed to be coming up drastic measures became necessary. Our demand loans could not all be collected forthwith and our time notes had not yet ter, under Captain Mackin, hastily con- ing such course to be the proper one under

were not looking for it in the direction from our full legal reserve. Nobody has dewhich it was made. A heavy force of cav- faulted or committed suicide, or abscouded. the intrenched troops and of two guns of the and harmony. We have had no actual Seventh Field Artillery. What was done to losses, and, with one exception, our comthat exposed force would have been awful if | bined losses up to date would not aggregate one-half of 1 per cent, of our capital. The while this was going on, over a crest directly exception referred to is our claim against in front of the main Nebraska position, came | the Eastern Tube Company, which may or may not result in loss, and even if a total They opened a vicious fire and pushed loss should there ensue, it could be paid home upon the line in beautiful style, the in full out of our individual profits of \$160.-

000 without touching either our capital of \$2,000,000 or surplus of \$400,000. "The officers and directors are but the servants of the stockholders and trustees for the depositors. They have tried their utmost to prevent this climax-this acme of better had climbed upon some hay stacks financial stupidity and money madness. When all other efforts failed to stem the fire. Climbing hay stacks is torbidden in tide, they sought the financial help of the Ft. Riley warfare, and the thing was de- committee of associated banks of Pittsburg and received most courteous and kindly To-morrow the exercises will comprise the sympathy and advice. When our doors deployment of the entire division against an closed we had approximately \$1,900,000 of deposits to secure which we had on hand Young arrived at the camp late this after- in cash, time and demand loans and other noon and will remain for a few days. Gen. good securities about \$4,600,000. This was our condition after having paid out to depositors in addition to current receipts and disbursements over \$2,000,000 within fifteen days in a period of generally strenu- drug store, at Fredericksburg, this county, and ample security, quickly available, our mite. It was at first thought that the deed depositors seemed almost frenzied in their was committed by burglars, but later infor-

penny. More specific and detailed state-ments will be furnished from time to time is shall be deemed due to the public. When the announcement was made to day that the Federal National Bank had suspended, steps were taken by local banks FEDERAL NATIONAL, OF PITTSBURG. to form a pool to be used in case of emergency, and within a short time between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 was subscribed. The Pittsburg clearing house committee deided that a subscription list should be circulated among members of the Clearing House Association. This was done, and the was made evident that no difficulty would be experienced in obtaining whatever funds are needed. The funds subscribed are designed to give aid to financial institutions should need develop. This will enable the brokers to secure money readily on good collateral. It is the opinion of bankers that the situation in Pittsburg is far from bad and that there is not the slightest reason

Why Buck Was Blackmailed.

or further trouble.

MANKATO, Minn., Oct. 21.-Judge Buck, father of Alfred H. Buck, missing cashier of the Mapleton State Bank, is quoted here as having said at a recent meeting of the bank's cirectors, when asked regarding the blackmailing of young Buck by a Chicago was lying in his bed in a boarding house in Chicago he was attacked by a man with a knife. He said his son, who is a powerful young feliow, sprang upon him and injured him severely in a scuffle. His assailant disappeared. Judge Buck would give no acrther details. The losses of young Buck's creditors, it is said, will now reach \$40,000. County Attorney Wilson has drawn up a warrant for his arrest, charging him

Illinois Bank Closed.

ment, as numerous small depositors are affected. The bank was capitalized at \$25,000 however, of the president, J. A. Langfitt, to neighborhood of \$40,000. C. H. Bacon, former,

change Bank show that the institution was the conditions were more favorable, and the in bad shape. The deposits aggregate \$75,-000, while loans and discounts are but \$22,000 are \$6.731. The assets contain an unexplained item, "expense account," \$8,987.77 The total shortage in sight, with some assets apparently worthless, is \$55,419. A. F. morning. At that hour none of the officials | Mather, of Joilet, has been appointed re- tract requirements call for eighteen knots

AS VIEWED BY DELEGATES TO THE LAKE MOHONK CONFERENCE.

Method of Appointing Inspectors Crit icised-Political Influence a Bar to Good Service.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., Oct. 21.-The Mohonk Indian conference opened its twen-D. Long, ex-secretary of the navy, the president of the conference, being absent at sided in his stead.

A resolution was adopted that, pending the investigation of the charges preferred against certain officials of the Indian service, it would not be expedient to discuss happened when the hypothetical main body to sharp declines on the Pittsburg Exchange these charges, nor render any report upon them at this conference.

Dr. Lucien Warner, of New York, who has spent several months of the present year investigating conditions in Hawali, said the adoption of universal suffrage had been a great mistake, resulting in turning over the local government largely to the several sessions of the Hawalian Legislature and said the character of the proceedings of the lower house, where the natives were in the majority, may be judged somewhat by the fact that at the close stroy all the vouchers showing their expenditures that the public might not know

how much had been used. J. W. Davis, of the Indian Association of Boston, read a paper dwelling on the evils obtained under this system, he said, most upon the market. The stock issue was of them being venal and given to making whitewashing reports. It has been practicaly impossible, the speaker declared, to secure the removal of corrupt and incompetent Indian agents through the investigations conducted by inspectors who generally sided with the agents, no matter what the charges against them might be. Mr. Davis spoke in high terms of the coby the state troops holding their ground, daily until, despite our best efforts to call operation of President Roosevelt and Secretary Hitchcock in efforts to purify the

Frank Wood, who has had an extended experience in Indian affairs, dwelt upon the deplorable effect of political influence in Indian agency appointments, by which unfit men are chosen and kept in positions t pay political debts. Dr. Charles F. Meserve, formerly super

intendent of Haskell Institute, Kansas, told how his work among the Indians has been hampered and often nullified by the conconstituents. He advocated the extension of the civil service to Indian agents and schools should be placed under the United States Bureau of Education as a remedy for existing evils. Dr. Lyman Abbott argued in favor of the

pendent peoples subject to the government of the United States but not participating in the government, to the supervision and control of the War Department.

To Be Professor of Politics.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 21.-The board of trustees of the university met to-day for the first time this fall. Henry A. Garfield, of Cleveland, O., son of the late President Garfield, was elected professor of politics to fill the chair vacated by Prof. John P. Finley. The resignation of Prof. J. Mark Baldwin was accepted. York, first vice president of the Equitable | stakes cow competition. Life Assurance Society.

Drug Store Dynamited.

WOOSTER. O., Oct. 21.-Aylesworth's ous financial conditions. Despite this full was blown to pieces last night with dynahaste to get their money lest they should mation is to the effect that the act is the lose it all. There is not now and never result of bad feeling over approaching local was a moment when they, or any of them, option election.

BATTLESHIP MISSOURI, FASTEST OF HER CLASS

WORLD'S RECORD MADE BY UNCLE SAM'S NEW MISSOURI.

Was 18.46 Knots an Hour for Thirty-Three Nautical Miles.

MAY BE ADVANCED TO 18.75

WHEN TIDAL CORRECTIONS ARE MADE BY THE BOARD.

Proved to Be Faster than Anything of Her Class Affoat.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.-The new battleship Missouri to-day proved herself the queen of the seas in her class in a speed trial trip over the Cape Ann course with weather conditions of a considerable handlcapping nature. Steaming over a course of thirty-JOLIET, Ill., Oct. 21.-The Exchange three nautical miles and return the bat-Some such action as this has been within Bank, the only institution of its kind at tleship made an average speed of 18.46 the possibilities for the past two days, fore- Lockport, closed its doors to-day, throwing knots per hour, which with tidal correccasted by the determined raid made upon | the town into a state of considerable excite- | tions greatly in her favor, it is believed, will advance it to 18.75, a new world's

The first part of the run was made against a strong northwest breeze, which kept down the speed to 17.64 knots, but coming back thirty-three knots were covered in 1 hour, and cash in the bank \$3,138. The overdrafts | 47 minutes and 9 seconds, a speed of 18.46 knots per hour.

The big battleship at one time attained a speed of 18.75 knots per hour. The conand a margin was very gratifying not only to the builders, the Newport News Ship-EVILS building and Drydock Company, but to the government officials on board. The best previous record made by a battleship in the Missouri's class is that of the Maine, a sister ship, which was 17.98 knots per

The Missouri left her anchorage shortly

after 8 o'clock this morning and steamed down to Cape Ann, where the measured course began. On the battleship was the naval trial board, a number of naval officers stationed in and near Boston, and guests of the company. The weather was clear, but a stiff quartering breeze blew from the northwest and roughed up the water considerably. The cruiser Chicago, marking soon after 10 o'clock, and a half hour later the Missouri was headed for the line. It was found that steam was a trifle low and ty-first annual session here to-day. John so the big warship described a couple of circles before she again headed northward, the stokers shoveling coal upon the fire all the while, until at 11 o'clock the the opening meeting, James D. Wood pre- steam pressure was satisfactory to the engineers in charge. When the word was given the Missouri's whistle notified the Chicago that she was ready to start on her trial and then Captain F. M. Howse, who steered the craft with great precision over the course, headed for the line. The new warship was abeam of the first buoy at 11:13:50 and with speed that increased steadily she sped away to the northward, passing stakeboat after stakeboat until the cruiser Baltimore was astern. The latter craft marked the northern end of the course, and swinging off to port the Missouri turned in a circle and steamed back again. Going to the northward the warship encountered heavy seas that swept over her bows and a breeze of a gale's strength. Added to these half barbarous people removed but a few | speed-reducing conditions the tide ran generations from cannibalism. He attended | strong against the new vessel so that her speed was figured as averaging 17:64 an

Steaming back over the course under more favorable conditions the Missouri increased her speed greatly and completed her trial against time in 3 hours, 39 minutes, 2414 seconds. The vessels markof their last session they had voted to de- ing the course were stationed 6.6 knots apart and the Missouri's lowest elapsed time between any two of the mark boats homeward leg, which makes her best actual speed 18.75 knots per hour. On the northern leg the engine attained a speed of of the present system of appointing Indian | 121 revolutions a minute and the average Cowles said that the tidal corrections would no doubt add .17 of a knot per hour to the speed of the ship.

At the conclusion of the speed test the Missouri was tested as to her steering abilities. She described the figure eight, turning in from 20 to 25 seconds, with an angle of heel of about 4 per cent. The usual stopping, backing and anchoring tests were then given, at the conclusion of which the vessel returned to Boston light and after landing her passengers started for Newport

PRIZES AWARDED.

Winning Exhibitors at the Kansas

City Live Stock Show. from his section to secure places for their live stock show to-day. The Stantin breeding farm of Madison, Neb., Marshall Field. of Chicago, owner, took sweepstakes for best carload of fat Herefords, and the Nebraska Land and Feeding Company, of Ellsworth, Neb., for the best carload of transfer of the Indians and all other de- range-bred Herefords. Lucore Bros., Arriba, Col., and Halblied Bros., Brownell, Kan., took first prize for range-bred Angus feeders. The grand championship for carload of fat cattle was awarded to G. M. Casey, Clinton, Mo., on shorthorns. In the grand championship contest for rangebred feeding cattle, any age, Ben Hicks. Smoky Hill, Kan., won first on Galloway cables, and C. S. Batchelder, Warrensburg, Ill., second on Angus calves. The Cudahy cup for the best load of range-bred yearlings in the show went to the Nebraska Land and Feeding Company on Herefords. In the shorthorn breeding cattle exhibit F. W. Harding, of Waukesha, Wis., won The honorary degree of master of arts | the grand sweepstakes bull contest. D. R. was conferred on James H. Hyde, of New Hanna, of Ravenno, O., won grand sweep-In the Percheron ring Siegbert, champion stallion of France, was defeated by Sophel entered by McLaughlin Bros., Columbus, O.

Not Fatally Hurt.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 21 .- James H. Wray, the horse breeder and trader, of Toronto. Canada, who was hurt last night in one of the events of the horse show here, and who was at first reported fatally injured, was today said to be out of danger.

# THE OLD RELIABLE



**Absolutely Pure** THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

JUDGE ANDERSON'S DECISION UP-HELD BY COURT OF APPEALS.

main Under the Guardianship of His Father.

PROBABLE END OF THE FIGHT

HOADLY'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS DISMISSED.

Appeal Will Be Made to the Supreme Court, but It May Avail Nothing -History of the Case.

Special to the Indianapolis . Thernal. CHICAGO, Oct. 21 .- The legal battle between the aunt and father of Moses Fowler Chase for the custody of the young man and his property, which has attracted notice for several years while being waged in the courts of Ohio and Indiana, was probably ended in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals here to-day. Judges Jenkins, Baker and Bunn heard arguments for and against the appeal of George Hoadly, jr., who is seeking to secure control of young Chase, now in the custody of his father, Frederick S. Chase, of Lafayette, Ind. The case has attracted unusual attention because of the fact that young Chase has almost \$1,000,000 worth of property inherited from his grandfather, which his relatives have been struggling for. At present Mr. Hoadly is the legal guardian of the young man in Cincinnati, while the father has a similar authority under appointment from the Indiana courts. Judge Anderson, of the Federal Court of Indiana, corpus writ for the release of the young man from his father's keeping, and it was from this order that Mr. Hoadly ap-

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals this evening affirmed the decision of Judge Anderson, of the United States Dis-trict Court for Indiana, which declared Frederick S. Chase to be the legal guardian of the person and property of his son. By Hoadly, jr., was loser, and the aunt of young Chase, Mrs. Ophelia Duhme, on whose petition Mr. Hoadly was appointed guardian of her nephew in Cincinnati, failed to secure control of the young man and his valuable estate. While an appeal to the United States Supreme Court issued, to-day's ruling is coneeded practically the end of a legal battle

has been carried on for several years for the guardianship of young Chase, who has been pronounced mentally unsound. The decision dismissing Mr. Hoadly's petition for a writ of habeas corpus for young Chase affirms the order of the Federal Court in Indiana appointing the boy's Ohio was legal fails.

The legal battle for control of young Chase and his estate has been waged in the courts of Indiana and Ohio for several years and has attracted unusual attention because of the large sum of money at stake and the sensational charges made by the contesting parties. While it has always been conceded that young Chase had been given to his aunt's care with his father's consent until he came of age, the charge was made that the continued detention of the young man by his aunt until last March was in pursuance of her plan to influence Chase to give over his property to her. On the other hand, Mrs. Duhme's attornevs charged that the father was especially eager to gain control of the young man because, by preventing the son from disposing of his estate to others, the father would be sole heir to the valuable estate. Young Chase is now in the custody of his father in Lafayette, Ind.

## FOUR DISMISSALS.

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) and the inspector answered that he had found that leather had advanced in price.
Inspector John D. Sullivan testified that Stern had told him that Perry S. Heath had ordered George S. Allen to make an investigation of the advance in the price of leather, and, finding that an advance had taken place, defendant had been relieved of furnishing straps.

FRANK BROWN RELEASED.

Was Confined in an Unclean Guatemalan Dungcon.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.-Frank Brown, a native of Mansfield, O., who has been languishing for nearly a year in an unclean dungeon in Guatemala, has been released Brown shot an Italian, as he claimed the result of accident, but was imprisoned without trial. The Department of State learned of Brown's condition through a letter he wrote to an Ohio paper and instituted investigation. Minister Combs has now catled that he has secured the prisoner's discharge.

Internal Revenue Collections.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21 .- The monthly report of the collections of internal revenue show that for the month of September. 1903, the total receipts were \$19,708,241, a decrease as compared with September, 1902, of \$177,128. Receipts from the several sources of revenue follows: Spirits, \$11. 230,769, an increase of \$3,949; tobacco, \$3,733, 245. an increase of \$322,028; fermented liquors, \$4,469,299, an increase of \$519,981; oleomargarine, \$44,628, an increase of \$15,625 adulterated butter and process or renovated butter, \$11,514, a decrease of \$648. For the three months of the present fiscal year the receipts exceeded those for the corresponding period of 1962 by \$776,466.

Decision Against W. A. Miller, WASHINGTON, Oct. 21 .- Controller of the Treasury Tracewell gave an adverse opinion to-day in the appeal taken by W. A.

Miller, assistant foreman of the governmen printing office bindery, from the action artments in disallowing the claim put in by him for compensation for the sixty-three days of his suspension and dismissal controller holds that Miller is not an officer. but an employe subject to dismissal at the pleasure of the public printer and that he cannot be paid for work not performed.

National Capital Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. was to-day appointed postmaster at Fowlerton, Grant county, Indiana, vice Jacob Dame, resigned.

Victor E. Brown, of Waverly, Ind., has been appointed farmer at the Rosebud (S. D.) Indian School at \$600 a year. Adam E. Wainscott has been commis-

sioned postmaster at Manson, Ind. A report received by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor from Consul Brainard H. Warner, jr., at Leipsic, Germany, says that a telegram has been received from Brussels, Belgium, stating that the Belgian railroads are about to ask for bids upon 3,200 freight cars and 100 locomotives, in addition to a large quantity of other railroad supplies. General Chaffee, who is to become an sistant chief of the general start of the army, arrived in Washington to-day. He will take up his permanent residence Washington and become officially connected with the War Department next Monday.

The President has appointed Horace W.
Bailey United States marshal for Vermont to succeed Fred Field, dismissed. Balley was recommended by the Vermont delegation in Congress.

ORTHODOXY IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Ministerial Brethren of Presbytery Must Quit "Bobtail Conts." Washington Post.

Something moves us to wrestle for a spell with the Greenbrier Presbytery of West Virginia on the following proposition just enunciated by that eminent and worthy "Resolved, That it is the solemn and

ainful conviction of this Greenbrier Presbytery that some of the ministerial brethren are departing from the time-honore coats, and the Presbytery would hereby warn the brethren against conformity to this custom of the dudes. Let the offending brethren be warned of what the uncirumsized may do to them, as record First Chronicles, xiv, 1-5. We respectfully point them to the vestures of the fathers and brethren of the presbytery, the Revs. M. H. Bittinger, W. T. Price and M. L. Lacy, as having coats becoming in length, in opposition to conformity to the fashions

of the present day. We do not deny that there is a certain levity of suggestion, if not of actual thought and purpose, in the bobtailed coat. In combination with a silk hat, patent leather skates and gaudy neckties-as frequently occurs-it is, we unhesitatingly admit, an agency of grief and appre It is not at all difficult to believe that the bobtailed coat, projected to its ultimate velopment, may lead to violence, especially in such a serious and right-minded region as West Virginia. Even in large cities, where golf and tennis regalia, the white canvas shoes and the mutilated Panama hats of the aristocracy have taught us self-restraint, and inured us to abstinence from homicide, we still retain the fierce yearning for a gun at moments of especial provocation. Up to this point, in fact, we are with the Greenbrier Presbytery, tooth

But is it well and fruitful that we should put behind us the turpitude of the bobtailed dude, only to surrender ourselves to the wild dissipations of the opposite ex-KANSAS CITY, Oct. 21.—The grand father custodian of the latter's person and treme? There may be as great extravachampionship prizes were awarded in the property. Thus the plea of Mr. Hoadly gance, albeit of a different kind, in the tinger or Brother Price as in the highwater sacks and unveiled legs of the unregenerate. There is the vanity of ugliness, as well as the vanity of grace. Clothes cut out with a knife and fork; trousers that bag villainously at the knee; waistcoats with balloon effects between the shoulders-these are not better evidences of a pure mind and a contrite heart than the very briefest roundabount or the most prismatic front. Let us be temperate in

> Traveling Salesman Jumps Into Lake. CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 21.-William B Wallace, a traveling salesman from St. Louis, jumped into the lake from a pier at the foot of Erie street late this afterno to end his life. He was taken from the water within a few moments after his plunge, but died at the hospital in an hour,

all things! It will pay.

# Theaters

and the theatrical world, with stories of the players and plays, impartial criticisms, make an excellent feature in the Indianapolis . . . . . . .

With this is included news of

the musicians and their doings.

ARE YOU A READER?

In Indianapolis and suburbs; Daily and Sunday, 36c a month or the a week; daily only, 40c a month or 10c a week; Sunday only, 5c per Elsewhere: Daily, 10c a week: Sunday, 5c extra.

EIGHT PAGES IN COLORS EVERY SUNDAY.