## Contributed by Tom Callahan

CONFIDENTIAL

WAR DIARY

U.S.S. L.C.I. (L) 339

JULY 16, 1943 Cont.

consisted of 15 LCI (L)'s and LST's 458 and 459, escorted by 2 YM's and 1 SC. Mission: Land troops and embark American force at Buna to return to Milne Bay. At 1135 LST's departed Task Force. Friendly planes and shipping sighted intermittently during day. Anchored off Spear Island 1930.

JULY 17, 1943

Underway \$5\$\$. Beached 1125. Unloading completed 12\$\$. American troops began embarking 12\$\$6. Up ramps 123\$\$; off beach 1246. Anchored 1315 off Buna. Underway 1422. Destination Milne Bay. 125 men and 5 officers aboard, 125 pounds supplies.

JULY 18, 1943

Entered Milne Bay 1350 and morred along Dutch Transport "Mearsuiker" at Wauga Wauga, Milne Bay. Disembarked troops 1727. Underway for anchorage 1854. Anchored 2141.

JULY 19 - 21, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay.

JULY 22, 1943

Underway 1015 as section leader with section of LCI (L) 337 and 338 for maneuvers and practice beaching. Beached and retracted 12 times.

Anchored 1843.

JULY 23, 1943

Underway \$848, division 4\$ for maneuvers and practice beaching.
Beached once. Anchored 1526.

COMPIDENTIAL

## WAR DIARY

U.S.S. L.C.I. (L) 339

JULY 24, 1943

Underway Division 40 for maneuvers and practice beaching. Beached twice. Anchored 1631.

JULY 25, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay.

JULY 26, 1943

Underway 1830, Division 40 for night maneuvers and beaching. Beached twice. Anchored 2215. Successful operation.

JULY 27, AUGUST 6, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay, Moored as necessary for fuel and water.

AUGUST 7, 1943

escort two destroyers. Destination: Buna, New Guinea to embark
Australian Army personnel ultimately to be landed at Nassau Bay near
Salamaua. Mission: Land troops 2400, August 10, and return Milne Bay.
Information: Smooth beach, some surf. General quarters ordered by
blinker 1755. No explanation. Secured 1757. Anchored off Spear
Island 1900.

AUGUST 8, 1943

Underway \$555. Anchored Ore Bay \$93\$. Loaded 2\$\$ sacks mail for delivery Nassau Bay if time permitted. Anchored 1745.

AUGUST 9, 1943

Underway \$745. Beached Buna 1\$50. Off beach 1120, 139 men, 5 officers-Australian, aboard. Anchored 1128. Underway 1236. Rendevouzed two Destroyers, 1 PT boat at 1315. General quarters 1617. Sighted

CONFIDENTIAL.

WAR DIARY

U.S.S. L.C.I. (L) 339

AUGUST 9, 1943 Cont.

Japanese Reconnaissance plane dead ahead. Altitude 1000 feet. Course 2250 true. Fired upon by lead destroyer with 5'38 and 20 MM. Plane disappeared. Secured 1617. Escort augmented by 3 additional PT's at entrance Nassau Bay. Beached Nassau Bay 2255. Off beach 2341. All men, Hail ans supplies successfully unloaded. Began return trip 2347.

U.S.S. L.C.I. (L) 339

## WAR DIARY

August 10, 1943

Underway on return trip to Milne Bay, Papua, New Guinea. Priendly shipping and aircraft sighted intermittently. Escort: Two DD's

August 11, 1943

Underway. Anchored Milne Bay \$955.

August 12, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay.

August 13, 1945

Beached to assist training Australian Army personnel.

August 14, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay.

August 15, 1943

Underway \$745 for Stringer Beach, Milne Bay. Beached 1155. Retracted 2\$35 with 2\$\$\$ Australian Army personnel and approximately 3 tons supplies aboard. Anchored Stringer Bay 21\$\$\$\$\$. Underway 211\$\$\$\$ as part of Task Force No. 76.10.5 composed of 6 LCI's and 2 destroyers. Destination: Buma. Mission: Land troops and return Milne Bay, New Guinea, Orders changed 2124 to anchor Milne Bay until morning. Anchored 224\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

August 16, 1943

Underway \$527. Priendly planes and shipping sighted during day.

August 17, 1943

Anchored in Mile off shore at Buna \$\$\phi 42.\ Underway \$\$\phi 547\$; beabled \$\$\phi 619.\ Upped ramps \$7\$\phi 6.\ Off beach \$711, began return trip \$715.\ Escort\$ two destroyers.

COMPLEMENTIAL

## WAR DIARY

August 18, 1943

Underway. Anchored Jock Mac Millan Bay, Milne Bay, Ø618. Fueled from LST 464 later in day.

August 19, 1943

Anchored Milne Bay.

August 20, 1943

Underway 1032 as part of Task Group 76.3.1 in training operation,
Order No. NG 1-43, composed of 6 DD's, 4 APD's, 19 LCI's, 5 SC's, 2

APC's, 6 LST's, 16 LCM's. Destination: Normanby Island. Mission:
Training. Beached Stringer Beach, Milns Bay 1138. Upped ramps 1152 with
203 Australian Army personnel aboard. Formed group. Gruised most of
night at 5 knots.

August 21, 1945

Beached \$716 Bunama Bay, Normanby Island. Off Beach \$726. Gruised about until beached at 1357 to re-embark troops. Off Beach 141\$.

Underway 181\$ for Kilne Bay. Beached 1835 Stringer beach. Disembarked troops and off Beach at 1846. Anchored 2212.

August 22, 1943

Beached to take on water PT base # 6, Milne Bay.

August 23, 1943

Returned to anchorage in Milne Bay.

August 24, September 1, 1943

Milne Bay, provisioning, division maneuvers and effecting material readiness of ship.

CONBIDENTIAL

# WAR DIARY

U.S.S. L.C.I. (L) 339

JULY 4, 1943 Cont.

below and all sides, mean draft 3 feet. Depth water 3 feet. Stuck on seral, slight list to pert. Off beach 1640 high tide with towing assistance of LCI (L) 340. Anchored off Bali Point 1708. Heavy rain squalls.

JULY 5, 1943

Underway at \$628 for Milne Bay. No escort. Sighted friendly plane 14\$2. Anchored Milne Bay 1845.

JULY 6 - 10, 1943

Milne Bay, New Guinea effecting repairs to bow.

JULY 11, 1943

Underway \$755. Distination: Beach near Gili Gili, New Guinea. Beached \$829 for training with Australian Army personnel.

JULY 12, 1943

Practice continued.

JULY 13, 1943

Underway \$93\$ for anchorage Milne Bay. Anchored \$959.

JULY 14, 1943

Anchored all day.

JULY 15, 1943

Underway 1247 for Lyal Wharf, Gili Gili, New Guinea. Beached 1529 and began leading Australian troops and supplies at 1530. Off beach 1621 with 182 Australian troops, 5 efficers and 4 ten 1955 pounds of supplies. Anchored 1725 Milne Bay.

JULY 16, 1943

Underway \$4\$\$. Distination Buna, New Guinea. Task force No. NG 1-43,

#### VAR DIAM

# W.S.S. L.C.I.(L) 339

## September 2 1943

Underway at Milne Bay at 1015 to Stringer Bay Staging Area Bosehed and Loaded waits of the Australian 9th Division. Retracted and returned to anchorage. Underway at 1300, destination Buna Roads, Papua, New Guinea.

Arrived at Buns at 0800 Besched and disembarized troops remained on the beach untill 1300.All ships of the convey remissions at the four mile bony off Buns Boads at 1500. The convey consisted of 5 Bh and 19 14575 LOI(L). Proceeded immediately, destination NEW BEACH, 12 miles east of Las, New Quines.

September 2.1943

At day break the commany was approaching NEO REACH. After a ten minute bumberdment of the beach by DBs and after the initial waves of landing craft had beached and retweeted LGIEL) DIV AD plus LOI(L) MA began their approach. At 0705 six Japanese planes (Three fighters and three bombers approached on our part beam. When we were about 200 yands from the bomb the bumbing and straffing a stack was made. Our game began fixing as soon as the planes were within range. So planes were shot from the some of them must have been hit many times. It is my opinion that the 200M is not effective in warding off attack by enemy planes as its range is not great enough At no time as long as these enough planes were in view were they attacked or approached by our emission of another lines were in view were they attacked or approached by our emission of another lines were failed and as many constaltions and many damage. About 20 Ameter lines were

Those of our erew injured were DICKERSON, Charles Donald, Cox. 552 42 65 USIN Shreppel wounds TRAVICLI, John Riley, Cox. 669 26 73 **ISIN** Bullot wound, shrepnel wounds CASANOVA, Thomas TimeSi/c 611 30 77 TISING. Shrapnel wound SHITH, Kenneth William, RM2/e 664 51 98 USIR Shrappel wounds, possible free tired shoulder SHULZ, Smoot Novin 013/c 663 07 34 **USINE** humorous small chropnel younds MINROVICH, George Francis SM2/c 652 47 02 **IBID** Several chrapmel wounds Femilia Richard Douglass 1812/9 603 57 87 DEAD Shrapnol wounds MEN, Marlen Theral, Energy File 161 653 USER Shrephel wounds BEGOM, Pay B. LT(jg) MOWY(0)

Large shrapmel wounds in both thighs, few small shrapmel wounds, some shock. Dr Begor later died as a result of these wounds abourd the LST 464

The ship suffered two near misses, one on starboard and one on pert, plus one direct hit just to port of amidships and just forward of the bridge structure. Helds one, two, three, and erous quarters were taking on water fast. There was a large hele in the weather deck about seven feet in diameter.

The Executive Officer of the USS SONOMA (selvers tog) stated that on 7Sept. he bounded the 339 and sounded the hale in the dealt and could find no chips bottom below this belo, the buildhead between helds three and two was demolished, There were many large and small shrapmel heles all throught this part of the ship, the bridge structure was riddled with large heles, the pilot house and Doctors quarters were wreeked. The decks in this part of the ship were full of hales and were tern many from the buildheads in many places. The condition of the ship and erew meg reported by radio and upon orders of Back Porce Commander so abandoned the ship and left her on the beach. The eres and officers returned to bese of operations on USS ICI(L) 338. Dr McCorkle, Medical Officer LCI(L) Group 19 was transfered from the LCI(L)30 to the ICI(L)338 underway.All patdents were given treatment and constant medical attention was given to Dr.Begor and Saith, H.W. throughout the day. All casualties were transfored to the Amy Hospital at Duna due to the fact that the 182 464 464 had failled to arrive at Burn as yet, September 5,1943

The remaining arew and officers were transfered by order of the Commenter LGI(L) Plotilla Seven to the other ships of the Plotilla for temperary duty

and transportation.

Returned to AND BEACH, the Community Officer of the USS LCI(L)330, Millen 1.0.
BM2/c.Cunter, G.F.SM2/c. and SHIMM, formen MUMM2/c beauted the 339 to further emmine the damage and recover the grove service records. (all source and confidential communications material had been recoved on abandoning chip)

The Ship was subsequently assigned to the Salvege Section of IF 76 for calvage but due to enough bombing activity no function attompt to salvage was made.

On September 10 1943, on orders of the Communiting Officer, U.S. Army H.S.B., who was in charge of the beach, the USS LCI(L) 339 was handed off and aschored about 200 yards efficient and 2-3/4 miles cost. It was stated by this efficer that the ship marked the beach for every beabers and for this reason she was removed. The wessel schemes arithmet in early ledge about 183 yards officer, and over a period of a few weeks filled with water, capsised, remained for a chart period with her built seast and inter slid into deeper water and seak.

Or tober 10 1943

A sulvage party under command of the Saterial Officer, Staff CMF 76, and including the Commandiar Officer and Engineering Officer plus a postion of the cross of SSS LGI(L)339, in LGI(L)35 71 and 73 under the domains of the Commander LGI(L) Group 20, attempted to locate the LGI(L)339, With the aid of U.S. Army personnel attached to the boach command who had seen the 337 a determined and complete search was named for her. The spot where the manife was identified but no two-